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NO. 24.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, July 24, 1909.

While the attention of all those interested in the tariff is concentrated just at present on the efforts of the President to secure certain specific reductions, such as free hides, free coal, free iron ore and free petroleum and the House rate of \$1 a thousand feet on lumber, the general success of Mr. Taft's influence in favor of downward revision is likely to be lost sight of. The President's demand for these specific reductions partook somewhat of the spectacular and has been made the most of by the newspapers in their efforts to add interest to a situation which is extremely technical and presents many difficulties to those who would write of it entertainingly. Each day there are fluctuations in the situation precipitated by the President's demands and those "make copy," to use a newspaper phrase. But the consumer and the voters is really more interested in the small reductions which have been made throughout the schedules of the Senate bill. There is no doubt in the mind of any unprejudiced observer that Mr. Taft has exerted material influence and that but for his efforts the rates generally would be considerably higher.

When the President and the people come to cast up the results, unless all present prospects fail, they will find small reductions all along the line to the number of about six hundred. But of far more importance in the estimation of the President, and it is a safe prediction that it will be in the estimation of the people, will be the provisions for a corporation tax and for a tariff commission. These provisions will, Mr. Taft believes, afford the machinery necessary to a future tariff revision which will be in accordance with the tariff plank in the last national platform, and without such machinery the fulfillment of that plank is an impossibility. The fact is that President Taft is the leader of a new school of protection—new just now, at least, although it is actually a return to the arguments originally advanced in favor of the protective policy. Those who first secured the adoption of the protective policy submitted that wages abroad were much lower than in the United States, that many industries thrived in foreign countries which did not exist here and that in order to maintain the demand for labor in this country and so maintain the higher wage scale it was necessary to impose a tariff which should equal the difference in the cost of production here and abroad. The policy was adopted, American industries were established and the wage scale was maintained. But prices to the consumer were increased. This occasioned some protest but the protestants were assured that once the infant industries were fairly on their feet internal competition would cause a reduction of prices, especially as American enterprise and American ingenuity would operate to reduce the cost of production.

A great deal is being written about a conflict between Gifford Pinchot, National Forester and Judge R. A. Ballinger, Secretary of the Interior, and the effort is being made to create the impression that Mr. Pinchot rather than Secretary Ballinger enjoys the confidence of the President. Nothing could be further from the truth. Judge Ballinger enjoys the entire confidence of President Taft and, moreover, he is too big a man to make any war on Pinchot, who is only a subordinate of one of his colleagues in the cabinet, Secretary Wilson. There is no conflict between Secretary Wilson and Secretary Ballinger.

Gone to Hospital.

Mr. J. B. Meisel, proprietor of the Fourth Street Confectionery Store and Ice Cream Parlors, has been a great sufferer from a diseased bone of right arm. During the past seventeen years he has passed through seven operations and hoped the diseased parts had been cured. Recently the old trouble returned causing pain almost beyond endurance, located mid-way between right shoulder and elbow. He left for Philadelphia Tuesday noon and expects to pass through the eighth operation. Mr. Meisel is an energetic worker and has, with the able assistance of his wife, built up a large trade. We sincerely hope he may get permanent relief.

A telegram received yesterday afternoon stated Mr. Meisel had safely passed through the operation.

Writing paper and its selection, denotes the character of an individual. Try 50 sheets and 50 envelopes at Taggart's for thirty-five cents.

The Emporium Drug Company

A new firm—the Emporium Drug Company—has assumed charge of the old and popular drug store, so successfully conducted during the past twenty-four years by Mrs. M. A. Rockwell. The firm is composed of E. W. Yeagle, (a nephew of Mrs. Rockwell, who several years ago was in her employ) F. J. Kime and H. J. Volmer, the two former being practical druggists, are busy thoroughly remodeling the interior and refurnishing the store with up-to-date fittings. During the time the new work is being put in the store will remain closed. When opened for business, Mr. F. J. Kime, Jr., will have charge of the business and being a practical pharmacist, will no doubt be cordially received by Mrs. Rockwell's patrons, and maintain the excellent reputation of this old and popular house. The new firm are all young and active men and wide awake to the wants of the times.

The retirement of Mrs. Rockwell after twenty-four years of incessant work is regretted by her patrons, who always looked upon her work as reliable and satisfactory. No prescription ever left her store with the least suspicion of error. While we, as well as our citizens generally, regret to have her retire from business, yet we cannot blame her. She has, early and late, stood to her post and realized the ambition of her life. That she will enjoy the fruits of her long life of toil, having accumulated considerable property and can take solid solid comfort, we are glad. She deserves it, for no one has worked harder than Mrs. Rockwell and we want to see her have all the pleasures of this good old world.

Pleasant Auto Trip.

Last Friday evening, about 11 o'clock, Mrs. Editha Howard, and her daughter, Miss Marcia, accompanied by Mrs. Benj. Troop and Mr. Carl Rothfuss, arrived in Emporium, having made the trip via Wellsboro, Conduersport and Port Allegany. Mrs. Troop was guest of her parents, Hon. and Mrs. I. K. Hockley, while the rest of the party were guests of Mrs. M. A. Rockwell, mother of the first named lady. Mrs. Troop remains here for a time while the rest of the party returned to Williamsport on Monday via Austin and Galeton. Miss Ida Rothfuss, who was the guest of Miss Mildred Green, (Mrs. Rockwell's ward) returned to her home with the party. They were busy while here and enjoying our country drives. Mr. Andrew Brady, who is well acquainted with the roads of this state and adjoining states, piloted them over the route to Austin. We did not learn whether they kept up with him or not. The Williamsport auto was not too slow.

Agreeable Callers.

Mrs. Frank Bryan, nee Laura Zell, of New York City, eighteen years ago a resident of Cameron, was an agreeable Press visitor on Tuesday, accompanied by Mrs. J. B. Simpson, of Lafayette, Col., and Mr. G. L. Page, of Cameron. They were called there to attend the funeral of Mrs. Jane L. Rockwell, which took place on Monday.

Handsome Home.

Robert Wylie has greatly improved his home on his farm at what used to be known as Truman, when Cochran's mill was located there. Geo. Market was the contractor and a good job it is. The Wylie family are comfortably situated on their farm that once contained such valuable lumber.

Ice Cream Social.

Mrs. Taylor's Sunday School Class, of the M. E. Church, will hold an ice cream social next Friday evening, on the lawn of the New Warner House. Ice cream and cake will be served for 15 cents.

A recent visitor said that "in location environment, healthfulness and splendid buildings, the Lock Haven Normal School was unsurpassed in the entire state." This is a high praise but we might have added that in scholarship and in equipment the school is also in the front rank. Write for a catalog.

Rambler Chainless Bicycle for Sale. A good chainless Rambler bicycle for sale cheap, if taken before Sunday. A flock of over 100 small chickens, also at a bargain. Address Box 204, Emporium, Pa., or call at New Warner during evening.

\$5.00 reward offered for the information that will lead to the detection of any merchant that ever offered a better value in stationery. 100 pieces of the finest style sold at Taggart's for 35 cents.

Wanted every woman in Cameron county to purchase the first box of Windsor Linen Writing Paper. Containing 50 sheets and 50 envelopes for 35 cents at Taggart's drug store.

U. S. Powder Inspector.

Mr. Philip Coffenberg, of New York City, has located in Emporium for several months, sent her by the U. S. Isthmian Canal Department as inspector of the dynamite as it is packed preparatory to shipping the explosive to Panama Zone. Mr. Coffenberg alternates between the Keystone works at Emporium and Sinnamahoning plant at Sinnamahoning. It will take the two plants until next June to complete the contract of over ten million pounds. It is busy times at the powder plants and we are told one would not notice unusual activity, except that the crews are working as long as they can see.

We had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Coffenberg and found him a very well informed gentleman, having put in many years in the U. S. government employ, both in the army and the Philippines. He will be assisted by a chemist, who it is expected to arrive almost any day.

Mr. W. C. Cope, the chemist appointed for this place, arrived last Monday and is rapidly fitting up his laboratory in the room over the Reading Room gymnasium. Mr. Cope is a pleasant gentleman and has plenty to keep him busy.

Sorry at Supper Time.

A number of our young men—Clark Metzger, Roy Beisel, Joe McNarney, Karl Getchell and Teddy Nangel—went camping on Canoe Run last Monday morning, anticipating a grand time fishing and eating. They left one of their large pails of "grub" at the depot at this place and our imp says they will be like the milk cow that chased after the free trade bull (Bryan). "They were sorry when supper time came." That's what a whole bunch of those insurgents at Washington will feel and say when they appeal to the voters again, hungry for the toiler's support. Follow the free trade bull for your sup—port.

Annual Outing.

The Mountain Dew Drops held their annual outing at the John L. Johnson farm on the Portage, Sunday, July 25. The following officers were elected: Herman Moline, President; Jas. Law, Treasurer, and Major Dorval, Secretary. A good time and lots to eat was reported by all. Those present were Herman Moline, James Law, Major Dorval, Mat. O'Byrne, Jas. Mowery and Charley O'Dine.

First Presbyterian Church.

Paul J. Lux, Pastor.
Morning Worship and Sermon, 10:30.
Second Sermon on "Life, what is it?"
Sunday School, 11:45.
Junior endeavor, 3 p. m.
Christian Endeavor, 6:30.
Evening Service, 7:30. Sermon, "What is it to be a Christian?"
Come and worship with us. A cordial invitation to all.

Married at Jacksonville.

Frank Maurer, of Painted Post, N. Y., was on July 22, married at Jacksonville, Fla., to Miss Blanch Arnold, formerly of this place, but who has made her home with J. Pitt Felt in Florida for some time. The groom will be remembered by many of our readers as nephew of Mr. and Mrs. DeLong, while the bride is an excellent young lady and has many friends here. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Arnold of Shippen township.

Enjoyable Visitor.

The Press was favored, yesterday afternoon, with a visit from Mr. W. C. Greenwell, travelling representative of the Western Newspaper Union, Cleveland, O. We find the gentleman a very first-class business man and one of those men that grasps an idea on the fly and puts it in tangible shape. He is a genial gentleman as well and his services no doubt are appreciated by this great publishing House. With such practical men as W. H. Schraeder, the Manager, and W. C. Greenwell there is no wonder the Western Union is rapidly approaching the perfection line.

A Rousing Big Time.

Judge LaBar, and wife, Mrs. C. W. Rishell and children, also the three Diehl children, left on Monday for Sodus Bay. They report a grand time. H. O. Haupt, wife and children are in the same bunch. They report a rousing big time.

The "Smith-Fergus" families will hold their third annual reunion at Nippon Park, near Jersey Shore, August 19th, 1909. All members of the connection are cordially invited to be present.

Pigs for Sale.

Six weeks old pigs for sale. Apply to Gorg. Mislum at Furnace.

Emporium Iron Co.

Resumes Aug. 1st

The Press is officially informed that the Emporium Iron Company will commence repairing their plant on August 1st. The furnace will go into blast at the earliest possible day. This announcement is authentic and authorized by Mr. Andrew Brady. This is certainly cheering news to our citizens.

An Enjoyable Trip.

Last Friday, Mr. Joseph L. Wheeler, of Marion, S. C., and Mr. R. A. Cartwright, of Ridgway, were transacting business here. They left for Cross Forks, in their touring car, taking that route to Renovo, where Mr. Wheeler, took the Erie mail for Marion, S. C. Mrs. W. G. Gilbert, of this place, and Miss Josephine Gilbert, of Buffalo, accompanied Mr. Wheeler to Marion, where they will visit until Saturday next, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler, when the entire party, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler, Mrs. E. M. Hurteau, Mrs. W. G. Gilbert and Miss Gilbert, will sail for New York City in Mr. Wheeler's private yacht. The party will arrive at Emporium some time next week on a visit.

Senator Penrose the Man of the Hour.

WASHINGTON, JULY 28th, 1909.—"The new tariff law will prove the most satisfactory tariff law ever enacted in this country," said Senator Penrose. The conference committee, of which the Pennsylvania senator is a member, practically has completed its work. The bill it will report back to the House and Senate will provide ample protection for the great industries of the Keystone State. The advanced rates of the iron and steel, chemical and other schedules demanded by Pennsylvania manufacturers and substituted by the Senate for drastic reductions made by the House, generally have been maintained by the conference committee. Senator Penrose urged the increases in the Senate and at a conference he has successfully defended them. The bill in every sense will serve the purpose for which it is intended. It provides sensible tariff revision with such reductions as were deemed consistent with the policy of protection, and it will meet the requirements of the government as a revenue producing measure. It violates neither the spirit nor the letter of the tariff pledge of the Republican national platform. It is a measure which leaders of the Republican party confidently predict will comply with economic conditions that have developed since the enactment of the Dingley, law twelve years ago, and assure a prolonged period of renewed industrial expansion.

Throughout the deliberations of Congress the protection of American labor from competition with the miserably paid labor of Europe has been the overshadowing issue from the Republican viewpoint. The United States can place in the markets of the world any manufactured article as cheaply as any other country. But to do this it must reduce its labor to the wage scale of the foreigner. A political party that would enact legislation that would do this, would be, as it ought to be, doomed.

The self-styled "progressives" of the Senate, the LaFollettes, the Cumminses, the Dollivers and the Beveridges, demanded tariff revision that would destroy the industrial system of this country and make beggars of American workmen. The country is fortunate in the fact that the genuine protectionists in Congress prevented such a disastrous result, statesmen who were alive to the situation and who battled early and late for the preservation of the industries of the United States, to which the wonderful prosperity of this nation is due.

Sunday School Pic-Nic.

Emmanuel Parish and Sunday School Pic-Nic at Sizer Springs yesterday was very largely attended and passed off pleasantly. It is an ideal place for picnic and we wonder why the P. R. R. Co., does not run pic-nic trains once a week.

The only excitement that transpired was the killing of a monster rattlesnake about a mile up the Cauley Run, by W. A. Dalrymple and Bobby Howard.

Money refunded and cash prize offered to any person that ever purchased a similar value in style or quantity offered in stationery at any store in Emporium. 100 pieces 35 cents.

G. C. TAGGART.

Suicide of W. S. Belford

[From the Oil City Derrick, July 26th.]

After shooting with intent to kill Policeman Raynor, who was about to arrest him for disorderly conduct, W. S. Belford, a P. R. R., telegraph operator, shot himself in the right side of the neck shortly after 3:00 o'clock, Saturday afternoon. The jugular vein was severed and he died in a few minutes.

Belford was employed at "N. B." tower, in the northern end of the local yards. Some months ago Miss B. R. Smith, of Wyatville, this county, a former school teacher, was appointed a pupil operator by the company and assigned to Bedford for instruction. He took great interest in his pupil. When she was qualified for a position she was given one of the towers in the N. B. office, and later sent to the R. F. tower at Rynd Farm. About two months ago when the change in divisions and superintendents took place, she found herself without a position, and has been making her home with her cousin, who carries on a rooming house in the Downing block, on Seneca street, near the corner of Duncomb street.

Belford, a married man, with one son 17 and another 8 years of age, was smitten with his pupil, and her friends say forced attentions upon her that became so distasteful that she refused to speak to him.

Saturday afternoon Bedford got drunk and while in that condition visited the room of H. L. Jones, in the Downing block, a fellow operator at the N. B. office, and became so offensive that Jones put him out. Miss Smith was in a room on the same hall, and after leaving Jones, Belford made his way to this room, and finding the door locked broke it open. Patrolman Raynor responded to a call and while going up a pair of stairs leading to the third floor heard a threat and looking up saw Belford taking aim at him with a revolver. The officer "ducked," and an instant later a bullet from Belford's gun struck the plaster in the wall near where Raynor's head had been. Raynor was under cover by that time and a second shot was fired that struck the wall of the staircase near the ceiling.

After a short time Belford left and went down stairs. Meantime Chief of Police Reid arrived and sounded his whistle for Raynor, expecting that officer would take Belford from the rear while he went up the front stairs. Getting no response to this signal or to his calls upon Raynor, the chief started up stairs and met Bedford, revolver in hand, coming down. Belford continued to approach the officer, and then, quick as a flash, swung the weapon up from his side where he had been carrying it at arm's length, placed the muzzle below his right ear and pulled the trigger. Belford landed face down on the staircase 12 feet or more below where he had been standing. He was grasped by Chief of Police Reid, who dragged him to the street door. It was apparent that the wound was a desperate one and the officer called for a surgeon. He died before the surgeon arrived.

No one familiar with the case censures Miss Smith. When she had mastered the art of telegraphing under the tutelage of the man, she was given one of the towers in the N. B. office. It was then that Belford first began to annoy her with his attentions. These coming from a married man were offensive.

S. H. Belford, a brother of the deceased, arrived yesterday from Renovo and with other relatives arranged to leave this morning for Renovo, where the funeral services will be held Tuesday.

Mr. Belford was born in Sunbury, October 21, 1870. He entered the railroad service early in life and was advanced to the position of train dispatcher and then assistant trainmaster. He contracted reckless habits through drink, and was relieved from his position about two years ago. Soon afterwards he came to Oil City and was given a position in the telegraphing department of the P. R. R. His parents are dead.

The deceased stood well with the people of Renovo, where he grew from young manhood. He took an active interest in town affairs and served one term as a member of council.

Sousa was Here.

Sousa, of New York, representing large wholesale ladies Suit and Coat manufacturers, was here last Saturday and Monday at R. Kuehne's store. Many orders were given Mr. Kuehne for both coats and suits.

THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, Showers. SATURDAY, Fair. SUNDAY, Fair.

ASSETS

First National Bank, EMPORIUM, PA.

At the close of business, July 28, 1909.

\$820,789.86.

START NOW.

Creating a reserve is not difficult once you start to deposit your money in this Bank systematically. But if you ever expect to be independent financially through your own efforts you must make a start.

\$1.00 Starts an Account.

3% INTEREST PAID ON SAVING BOOK ACCOUNTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

DR. LEON REX FELT,

DENTIST.

Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.

DR. H. W. MITCHELL,

DENTIST,

(Successor to Dr. A. B. Mead.)

Office over A. F. Vogt's Shoe Store

Emporium, Pa. 12y

E. O. BARDWELL, M. D.,

Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.

Hours: 8:00 a. m., 1:00 to 3:00 and 7:00 to 8 p. m.

Death of Vineland Pioneer.

Special to The Philadelphia Inquirer.

VINELAND, N. J., July 23.—George W. Lewis, pioneer of 1866, one of the most successful farmers of this place, died suddenly last night from valvular heart disease. He is survived by seven sons, all business men and farmers, and three daughters all school teachers. He was clerk of the school district for many years and custodian of school moneys. For twelve years he served on the Board of Education and was prominent in the First Baptist Church, held the office of trustee for many years up to the time of his death.

Mr. Lewis was born near Sterling Run, Cameron county, Pa. His father Robt. Lewis, was one of the early settlers of the Driftwood Branch. He was married to Miss Mary Hall, of Ceres, N. Y. To this union was born twelve children, of whom two preceded him to that home above. He was respected by all who knew him and was held in most tender affection by a large circle of friends. He was about 72 years of age. He made his last visit here two years ago; is survived by a wife and ten children.

Milk Notice.

Notice is hereby given to our customers that from Aug. 1, 1909, milk will be 7c per quart.

JOHN BAUER, B. HOUSLER,

THOS. JOYCE, E. J. ROGERS,

W. E. ANGEVINE, H. L. HACKETT.

First Methodist Episcopal Church.

Next Sunday August 1st, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered in both the morning and evening service. Love Feast at 9:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 11:45 a. m.; Epworth 6:30 p. m.

Notice to Water Consumers.

To Water Consumers of the Emporium Water Company:

All taps at sinks, wash basins, water closets, baths, etc., must be closed, when not in actual use and must not be allowed to leak.

If our inspectors find any violations of the rule governing the water regulations, particularly the wasting of water through leaky fixtures or otherwise, the supply will be shut off from such premises without further notice.

EMPORIUM WATER COMPANY.

Married.

William Razmann of Sizerville and Miss Gertrude Housler, of Emporium, formerly of Rich Valley, were married by the Rev. Wm. Osgood at the parsonage in Rich Valley, Saturday, July 24, 1909.

The happy bride and groom had their home already prepared. After a short wedding tour they will be at home to their friends on West Fifth street, Emporium, Pa. The Press extends congratulations.

The Lock Haven Normal School has graduated 2200 students and has educated 2500 other young people who are now successful men and women. It has a splendid record for thoroughness, discipline and healthfulness. Lock Haven is situated almost in the centre of the beautiful West Branch Valley. It is easily accessible. Write for a catalog.

Emmanuel Church Services.

Aug. 1, eighth Sunday after Trinity.

10:30 a. m., Holy Communion and sermon.

7:30 p. m., Evening Prayer.

Fruit season is here, but Granulated Sugar the same, 25 pound sack for \$1.45 at C. B. Howard & Co's.

ADVERTISING RATES:
Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates for the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.
Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2; each subsequent insertion 10 cents per square.
Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.
Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.
Business cards, five lines or less, 45 cents per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.
No local inserted for less than 75 cents per line.

JOB PRINTING.
The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.
No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.
Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

THE DIVORCE PROBLEM.

A clergyman college professor strenuously protests against divorce and urges the necessity of a marriage tie that can be broken only by death. No sane person who honestly has at heart the best interests of society in general will differ from the professor, but the difficulty with his proposition is that it begins in the wrong place. If the church and the law paid half the attention to marriage that they do to divorce the divorce problem would be reduced to a mighty small minimum. The blind, halt and foolish are permitted to wed without let or hindrance. The state and the church make no inquiry whatever, says the Chicago Evening Journal. Anyone—even those manifestly unfit to marry—can be wedded on request, a condition which manifestly makes for marital unrest and dissatisfaction, and is largely productive of divorce. Give marriage more safeguards, and the courts will find much less necessity to interfere with family relations. But those who expect to remove the effect without eliminating the cause are attempting a task very near the impossible.

According to an iron trade bulletin, devoted to Mexican development, it appears that the iron industry in that country is capable of wonderful expansion, says the New York Financier. The celebrated iron mountain of Durango, the Carro del Mercado, is of world-wide fame and it is claimed to be one of the most valuable iron deposits in the world, both as to quality and quantity. It is estimated to contain 300,000,000 tons of 70 per cent. ore above the level of the plains. There is another mountain near the mouth of the Balsas river which is valuable largely because of its accessibility to the sea and, therefore, to the markets of the world. This mountain is believed to contain over one billion metric tons of ore low in phosphate and averaging more than 60 per cent. of iron. Other deposits in the mineral regions of Mexico indicate possible yields of several hundred million tons of high-grade ore, and along the Pacific coast there are equally valuable deposits.

It is evident that the transatlantic steamers are getting to the limit of achievement as to speed when a matter of 50 seconds clipped from a run is heralded as a shortening of the time between the two continents. This recognition of a mere shaving of time in the running is not reconcilable with the wasting hours after the completion of the rushing voyages, before taking the ships to dock in New York city. This inconsistency is no longer glaring, because the steamers are now taken to the docks at night instead of waiting for the return of daylight; but there is time enough lost at the terminals to make the saving of 50 seconds by a rush across the sea "look like 30 cents."

New York is about to build a 31-story hotel that is to be the highest in the world, but, as most visitors to that town can painfully testify, in one important respect its hotels were already the highest.

Seventeen pairs of shoes have been ordered from America for the Dutch royal baby. Somebody in Holland realizes how fast children wear out shoes.

No injunction has been issued against those who want to add an hour to the public's daylight in the morning on their own personal account.

Turkey's new sultan, who says the outrages in the provinces must cease, possibly does not like the smell of European gunpowder.

A Milwaukee woman was touched by a burglar, but not in a sympathetic sense. He decamped with her purse.

Teaching the young idea how to shoot is not a circumstance to teaching it how to evade.

Young Turks cannot promote human liberty merely by encouraging the hemp industry.

TRUE TO PLEDGES

PRESIDENT TAFT WILL KEEP FAITH WITH PEOPLE.

Conclusive Answer to Critics Who Have Said He Had Lost Interest in Doctrines He Had Formally Indorsed

The earnest warning given the party of the administration, the party so long in power at Washington that its control seems unlimited, in the president's speech at Yale, to the alumni of that university, ought to be accepted everywhere as evidence that Mr. Taft is not unmindful of the Republican pledges made during the last national campaign. It is clear that he does not forget his own promises, in behalf of his party. It is equally plain that he does not believe any political organization can remain in power, in this country, without deserving the confidence and support of the people.

The Yale address ought to end all talk of the president's carelessness about party responsibilities. It ought to silence the voices which have accused him of being indifferent to the problems which were forced to the front in the last presidential campaign. Mr. Taft should be given a fair chance to show what his policies and his methods really are before he is condemned by those who jump to the conclusion that he does not mean to be true, in every sense, to the doctrines which he indorsed and accepted when he was a candidate for the great office which came to him so easily.

The present administration is only a few months old. The time is not enough to make a record which can go far in determining the fruits of the Taft term—or terms. It is only fair and sensible to wait for more definite and conclusive evidence of the tendencies and results of the president's work in the White House. His methods are quiet and deliberate. He is not spectacular. He does not make much stir in his efforts to reach an appointed goal. But the real test is whether or not he will accomplish what he undertakes, and whether he holds his course along the lines he himself laid down, before his election and afterward.

As yet condemnation certainly takes too much for granted. Common fairness demands that the administration be given more time to bring about reforms in taxation and to prove that it will not fail to enforce and follow up the Roosevelt policies in enforcing obedience to law and respect for justice in business affairs, of national scope and importance. Nothing has happened yet to show that President Taft is less devoted to the "square deal" than Theodore Roosevelt was.

The Tariff and the Future.
The Jacksonville (Fla.) Times-Union, commenting on the Star's prediction that no permanent divisions in either party are likely to result from the present more or less bitter tariff controversy, says:

"The division in Democratic ranks has been greatly exaggerated. Louisiana has elected to congress a number of Republicans who claim to be Democrats, but who, as far as we can remember, have voted with the Republicans on every division that has been made during the present session. These men should not be permitted in the Democratic caucus. They vote with the Republicans; they should bear the Republican stamp, and if Louisiana wishes to send them back to congress as Republicans she has a perfect right to do so; but no delegation representing the views that these men entertain should be permitted to take part in a Democratic convention."

This is much too severe on the Louisianians. They have not gone beyond Democrats from other southern states except in gratitude and the full courage of convictions. Asking protection for the principal industry of their own state, they have voted protection in return to the industries of other states. Why not? Besides, they are not the first Louisiana Democrats to take that position in congress. Sugar has always colored—Dutch colored, if you please—the tariff views and votes of the people of the state of both parties. And, with either party in power, sugar has always been remembered in the day of tariff revision.

Asking the Impossible.

Our free trade editors are captious as usual about tariff revision. Here is one in New York demanding that President Taft treat the forthcoming bill according to this sentiment in a speech of his last December:

"Better no revision at all, better that the new bill should fail, unless we have an honest and thorough revision on the basis laid down and the principles outlined in the party platform."

It ought to be clear to the densest comprehension that as a practical proposition it is impossible for this session of congress to produce a bill on the basis and according to the rule of rate measurement stated in the platform.

Honest, downward revision we can have, and doubtless shall have.

But to demand that the platform principle of difference in labor cost here and abroad be consistently applied to the schedules is to demand the impossible. Why? Simply because congress lacks the data necessary to determining that differential.

There was no permanent tariff commission at work to supply it with the data, and without such a commission we shall never get a scientific tariff with a broad basis of accurately and impartially ascertained and collated facts.

INCOME OR CORPORATION TAX?

If the Country Declares for the Former, Additional Revenue May Not Be Needed.

How long will the corporation tax remain on the statute books? The president's recommendation to congress was in obedience to a condition, and not to his wishes. Had the coast been clear he would have recommended an income tax. He not only believes such a tax constitutional, but incomes a proper source of revenue. And he wants the new tariff bill to make ample provision for the support of the government.

But he could not afford to ask congress to buck the supreme court. There stood the adverse decision of the court in the premises, and while Taft the lawyer differed with the court, Taft the president bowed to the tribunal. The only way around was by asking an expression at the polls for a change in the constitution. That the president recommended, and that congress is expected to adopt.

We shall witness in the canvass of the states on this subject what is called a great effort. The proposition is comparatively new. Taxing incomes in a time of peace attracted no particular attention when advanced by the Populists, appearing, as the suggestion did, along with a suggestion about governmental loans to farmers on growing or harvested crops, and on fat cattle.

But when the Democrats "lifted" the proposition in 1894 and made it a feature of their tariff revision of that year, the country took serious notice; and since then much discussion has played around the subject. It has undoubtedly grown in power, and the friends of the proposition believe it will carry in the coming contest.

If it does carry, shall we see its friends move in congress for a substitution of the income tax for the corporation tax? It would seem altogether likely. The corporation tax is proposed as an emergency measure in two senses. First the treasury deficit is considered, and then the existing handicap of the supreme court decision carried by the income tax. Remove the handicap, and a contest between the income tax and the corporation tax should follow.

But there is one other matter to be considered. Suppose the customs features of the new law prove sufficient in themselves to meet the government's requirements. Suppose it turns out that the corporation tax was not needed and can be dispensed with. Should not the proposition then be, not as to the substitution of the income tax for the corporation tax, but the simple repeal of the latter, leaving the customs schedules to take care of the revenues? A big treasury surplus is not desirable; and the only strength the corporation tax now possesses is based upon the belief that, despite the opinion and assurances of Mr. Aldrich, the schedules as revised would not raise the money required.—Washington Star.

No Great Democrats Left.

Grover Cleveland is dead. That is very apparent. Controlling votes have been cast by Democrats at the present session of congress against almost every principle and policy that Cleveland stood for.

Those two great southern Democrats of full statesmanlike stature, John T. Morgan and Edmund W. Pettus, are dead. L. Q. C. Lamar is dead. William L. Wilson is dead; nobody could doubt that at the present moment.

That fine Missourian of eloquent and human speech, George G. Vest, is dead. John M. Palmer, Illinois' grand old Democratic patriot, is dead. A. G. Thurman, Ohio's noble Roman, is dead.

The crafty but wise Gorman is dead. William E. Russell, the pure and fearless paladin of Massachusetts' victorious young democracy, before whom the bars of party opposition fell like reeds, is dead. James C. Carter, the peer of the jurists and publicists of the past, is dead.

We shall not extend the sad list. All the great Democrats seem to be dead. What has the party left in congress? Mainly a pitiful lot of temporizers and demagogues, of assistant apologists for the continual surrender of their own principles.

The ghosts of the great men whose names we have mentioned, or their painted portraits on the walls, would be worthier representatives of their party than they.—New York Mail.

German Interest in Our Tariff.

Of course, German as well as English and French manufacturers are interested in American tariff legislation. So is the German government, which always is striving to promote German industry and trade. But there is nothing to indicate that any foreign manufacturer or government has overstepped bounds and been guilty of what could properly be called "impertinent" conduct in connection with the pending tariff bill. It certainly was not "impertinent" for the German government to do what it was asked to do.

The information it transmitted and which the finance committee would have suppressed is to be printed. Then American consumers may be better able to judge whether the proper degree of protection is being awarded certain domestic manufacturers.

That sterling Democratic organ of public opinion, the Charleston News and Courier, admits that South Carolina needs a little protection; not much, but just enough.

Mr. Bryan comes right out in cold print that he "wants no more newspaper notoriety." Well, good-by, old man—take care of yourself.

IMPORTANT NEWS NOTES OF A WEEK

LATEST HAPPENINGS THE WORLD OVER TOLD IN ITEMIZED FORM.

EVENTS HERE AND THERE

Condensed Into a Few Lines for the Perusal of the Busy Man—Latest Personal Information.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Government statistics show a decrease of 20 per cent. in immigration to the United States for the month of June as compared with May.

The house passed the urgency deficiency bill which includes \$25,000 traveling expenses for President Taft.

President Taft gave a dinner for the tariff conferees and attempted to break the deadlock into which Senator Aldrich and Representative Payne had gotten them.

James T. Lloyd of Missouri was elected chairman of the Democratic congressional campaign committee.

Government statisticians say divi, dragon's blood, leeches, canaries and parrots and other articles in the tariff bill which are subjects for congressional jests are important to the nation's commerce.

A report by government geologists says there will be no coal in 131 years, petroleum will be gone in 30 and iron in the same period, but gold and silver will be plentiful.

PERSONAL.

Charles W. Elliot, president emeritus of Harvard university, in a Boston address said the twentieth century will bring about a new religion.

William Franklin Willoughby, of Virginia, has been appointed assistant director of the census bureau.

Huntington Wilson, assistant secretary of state, is ill of appendicitis in Washington.

President Taft will attend the trans-Mississippi commercial congress in Denver, August 16.

The report that the king of Portugal is to wed Princess Alexandra of England was officially denied in London.

Judge Joseph R. Clarkson of Kenosha, Wis., who disappeared from Omaha for five months, 18 years ago, is again mysteriously missing.

Wayne M. Belyin, a New Yorker who was caught "short" in the wheat corner, was thrown out of the office of James A. Patten in Chicago by the "wheat king's" body guard.

GENERAL NEWS.

Wisconsin militia was ordered to be ready to go to Kenosha, where three men were shot in a riot of tannery strikers.

To protect themselves in the event of the death of E. H. Harriman, investors in securities of his railroads took out insurance policies on his life amounting to more than \$1,000,000.

Three lives were lost when a cloud-burst flooded Duluth, Minn., and caused great damage to property.

Capt. Peter C. Hains, slayer of William E. Annis, since his incarceration in Sing Sing penitentiary, has perfected an invention which will reduce the cost of cleansing city streets.

Advices were received in Washington that Argentine and Bolivia are endeavoring to settle their differences without going to war.

Figureheads that are to be removed from warships of the navy are to be loaned to the states for which the vessels are named.

Reports received in Houston, Tex., said 21 persons had lost their lives, scores were hurt and 13 were missing in the gulf storm.

Mrs. Agnes Mayfield was arrested in Chicago on a charge of shooting her mother, Mrs. H. G. Hinkley, following a quarrel over a Mexican mining deal in which they were interested.

George Staiger and Harold Banks, choir boys of Michigan City, Ind., were drowned in Lake Michigan in the presence of their pastor and eight choir boys.

The Norwegian steamer Tricolor, which arrived at Vancouver, B. C., brought the report that 300 persons had been killed by a volcano eruption and earthquake in Sumatra.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, in a speech in Minneapolis, said women should do police duty and help to fight fires if the suffrage movement wins.

President T. L. Lewis of the United Mine Workers, has received a telegram from Wilkesbarre, Pa., announcing that the dispute between the miners and their employers in northern Wyoming was settled.

Wyatt H. Ingram, Jr., was indicted at New Orleans for embezzling \$100,000 from the Hibernian bank of which he was trust officer.

When Jikiri, the Moro bandit, was slain by soldiers he had nearly kept his vow to kill 100 men before he died.

Following a hot debate over the French naval scandal the Clemenceau cabinet members resigned.

The boiler of the tourist steamer Guttenberg, plying the River Rhine, near Rolandseck, blew up, killing a stoker and injuring six of the crew. Passengers escaped unhurt.

Rev. Dr. Henry A. Buchtel, former governor of Colorado, declared in a New York interview that "only the dregs of womanhood vote in Colorado."

Skin from the amputated leg of one patient was grafted on the face of another man in a Portland (Ore.) hospital.

The comptroller of the currency has designated South Omaha as one of the reserve cities for government money. Senator Brown of Nebraska declared the statement of Justice Brewer of the supreme court concerning an income tax "utterly ridiculous, absurd and senile."

Francis J. Heney, who is in Alaska on the Copper river, says he rendered service to the government for every penny he received as special counsel.

An earthquake destroyed much property on the west coast of Sumatra last month, causing floods and an eruption of Mount Korintji, 12,400 feet high.

Twenty Russian political exiles forced a company of deported Russians at East Cape, Siberia, to seize boats for them to escape across Bering Strait.

Galveston, Tex., was saved by the sea wall erected after the disaster in 1900 from a hurricane and tidal wave which caused the deaths of ten persons on a pier outside the city.

Great damage was done and the lives of many persons were in peril when dams on rivers in northern Wisconsin burst following a hard storm.

Indictments charging murder were returned at Watseka, Ill., against Mrs. Saylor, Dr. W. R. Miller and John Grunden, held in connection with the slaying of the Crescent City banker, J. B. Saylor.

Application was made in the federal court at Indianapolis for an injunction against the strikers at the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company's plant in Elwood, Ind.

Former President Roosevelt was in peril when attacked by a dozen hippopotami in Lake Naivasha. He killed two of the beasts and drove the others away.

Cornelius Shea, leader of the bloody teamsters' strike in Chicago several years ago, was convicted of attempting to murder Alice Walsh in New York.

Fourteen jacks were taken from the fleet off Provincetown, Mass., to the Charleston navy yard suffering from typhoid fever.

Mystery was added to the disappearance of Judge Clarkson of Kenosha, Wis., by the discovery that his office had been ransacked by burglars the night before he vanished.

Orville Wright attained a speed of 54½ miles an hour in his aeroplane at Fort Myer.

A report from Gastein, Austria, said the health of Edward H. Harriman is much improved and he now gives part of his time to business.

Justice Brewer of the supreme court in a Milwaukee speech expressed disapproval of an income tax and declared for state rights.

A contingent of blue jackets from 150 British warships anchored in the Thames were feasted by the lord mayor and the corporation of London. The people gave the sea fighters an enthusiastic reception.

Brownell, Tex., was visited by a fire and partially destroyed. A large sawmill, together with much lumber, also was burned.

Attorneys representing Prince Miguel and Miss Anita Stewart of New York met in London and arranged for a marriage settlement of \$1,000,000 on the prince, who is a son of the pretender to the throne of Portugal.

The State bank of Tulare, S. D., was robbed, the safe was blown open and \$1,900 was stolen.

Orville Wright in a flight lasting one hour, 20 minutes and 45 seconds and covering 70 miles, broke the American record for airship flights.

The surgeon-general of the army in investigating the physical condition of recruits has discovered that the "lazy bug" affects those who enlist from southern states.

Witnesses before the grand jury in the Saylor murder case at Watseka, Ill., said they saw no ax near the dead banker's body and thus delivered a blow to the self-defense plea of Dr. Miller.

The department of commerce and labor at Washington has received appeals from western farmers for hands to help in the harvest fields.

Michael Murphy was arrested in New York when caught in the act of prying open the mouth of a corpse in an undertaking room. The police found \$15 in the dead man's mouth.

Through the efforts of Rev. Father Bezczewski the strike of the Standard Steel Car Company's employees at Butler, Pa., was settled.

The jury in the case of Ella Gingles, the Irish lace-maker, who has been on trial several weeks in Chicago, returned a verdict of not guilty but declared her charges against Agnes Barrette false.

Lieut. Robert G. Adams, the first witness called by the court-martial in the second investigation of the death of Lieut. Sutton at Annapolis two years ago, admitted he had a fight with Sutton.

The Masonic lodge of Jeffersonville, Ind., loses \$100,000 by the birth of a child to Mrs. J. F. Deshon, niece of James A. Holt, who willed the amount to the lodge in the event of no child being born.

Strike-breakers on the way to the tin mills at Newcastle, Pa., were attacked by a mob and in the fight a score of persons were injured.

The tariff conferees have accepted the corporation tax amendment as redrafted by Attorney General Wickersham, the assessment now being one instead of two per cent.

Engineers and conductors of the National Railway of Mexico threatened to walk out in sympathy with the train dispatchers who are on strike.

The new International Union's headquarters building, erected in Indianapolis by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners at a cost of \$100,000, was dedicated with considerable ceremony.

PLAN THAT WILL HELP FARMERS

SMALL BILLS DEMANDED BY BANKS FOR CROP MOVING PURPOSES.

NATIONAL BANKS CAN ASSIST

Treasury Department Can Issue New \$1 Silver Certificates in Exchange for Silver Certificates of Larger Denominations.

Washington, D. C.—The co-operation of the national banks with the treasury department in furnishing small bills to meet the demands growing out of the movement of the crops in various sections of the country is urged in a statement given out at the treasury department. The relief sought is to have the national banks issue \$5 bank notes to their legal limit in place of the larger denominations and then to exchange their \$5 certificates for \$1 silver certificates of equal aggregate value. The statement follows:

"The usual fall demand is being made on the treasury department by the banks for a supply of small bills for crop moving purposes. To meet this demand the treasury can issue new \$1 silver certificates in exchange for silver certificates of larger denominations which are sent to the treasury for that purpose. An unusual supply of small bills has been prepared to meet this season's demand, and the banks can materially assist the treasury by effecting the exchange of their large silver certificates for smaller bills at an early date, rather than by waiting until the crop moving season actually begins.

"It lies within the power of the national banks of the country to render further material assistance in this matter. Banks are permitted under the law to take out 33 1-3 per cent of their circulation in \$5 bank notes, or about \$200,000,000. They have availed themselves of this privilege only to the extent of 19 per cent, or about \$126,000,000; therefore the national banks could, if they desired, increase their supply of \$5 bank notes by \$94,000,000.

"In some instances it would involve the banks in the small expense and trouble of having plates engraved for \$5 bank notes. But the banks would undoubtedly incur this expense and trouble if they fully understood how much it lies in their power to relieve the scarcity of \$1 bills. For if the banks were to issue as many \$5 bank notes as they can legally do instead of issuing larger denominations, it would supply the banks with \$5 bank notes and enable them to send to the treasury their \$5 silver certificates to be exchanged for \$1 silver certificates. As in the case of money forwarded for redemption, the banks can effect these exchanges at no other cost than the express charges at government contract rates."

BREADSTUFF PRICES EASIER

Larger Demand for Money for Crop Moving Purposes—Good Distribution at Retail.

New York City.—Bradstreet's says: Improvement in the crops, rather better advices as to ultimate outcome of the leading cereals, easing in prices of breadstuffs, consequent thereon or because of larger wheat crop movement, a good distribution at retail under the stimulus of clearance sales and a slight enlargement of fall trade with jobbers and wholesalers are the leading features this week. Connected therewith in some degree are the advices from leading industries of enlargement of output, of a continuance of the upward tendency in values of manufactured goods, a larger demand for money for crop moving purposes, and a perceptible increase in the friction visible between employers and employees in a number of lines. This latter is a natural phenomena of the industrial situation.

TWO DEAD AND TWO INJURED

Cloudburst Deluged Two Mile Canyon, North of Boulder, Col.—Victims Were Picnickers.

Boulder, Col.—Two are dead and two seriously injured as the result of a cloudburst that deluged Two Mile Canyon north of Boulder. The dead are Verry Verne Carlisle, 13, Boulder, and Arthur Dickinson, 25, of Greeley. The seriously injured are Mrs. Abbott, Garden City, Kan., and Miss Bristow of the University of Colorado.

The victims were members of a picnic party. When the rain began to fall the party sought shelter under a huge boulder. Presently a torrent two feet in depth swept down the canyon. The walls of the canyon were precipitous and it was with great difficulty that they found places of safety.

Presidential Nominations Confirmed.

Washington, D. C.—In a brief executive session of the senate a large number of presidential nominations were confirmed including that of Charles R. Crane to be minister to Cuba.

Death of Financial Editor.

New York City.—W. Newton Sharp, for 19 years financial editor of the Evening Sun, is dead here. His body will be taken for burial to Norfolk, Va., where he was born in the year 1865.

ROOSEVELT BAGGING The GNUS in AFRICA

By GERALD A. RODERICK

NAIROBI, British, East Africa.—I guess everybody in the civilized world knows that ex-President Theodore Roosevelt of the United States is getting two American dollars for every word of "copy" he writes for a certain New York publication. Therefore the business of bagging the gnus in this lonely spot on the world's map has a double meaning.

Spell it gnus or news—suit yourself—they are pronounced alike. The only difference is that you get one with a rifle of heavy bore and the other by means of mental ingenuity.

Mr. Roosevelt, I have discovered, makes his own news. And he sells his own news. Hence his declaration that "because there are no journalists with this expedition all apparently authentic reports are barren



in the make-up of the semi-savage blacks.

Eighty-four souls comprised the small army which Mr. Roosevelt took with him from Mombasa. Bwana Tumbo dressed his aides up in American made loose shirts and khaki trousers. Of their own choice were queer little skull caps decorated with feathers and tassels.

Wall tents, the same as those used by American army officers, provided the ex-president's sleeping quarters and his patriotism was fully shown by the fact that the American stars and stripes floated from the flag pole before Roosevelt's tent. The colors were dipped at sunrise and sunset in accordance with the United States army custom.

The Roosevelt camp presented a unique scene. Situated in the center was Mr. Roosevelt's adobe, which also housed Kermit. Before it floated the American flag and grouped around it along miniature "streets" were the "pup tents" of the porters, gunbearers, bush beaters, cooks and other servants.

Kermit Roosevelt's personal servant, Juma by name, became as devoted to his young master as though the latter were of regal heritage. He followed him everywhere and was at his side during the rhinoceros incident in which Kermit's life was periled.

Juma's gaudy turban, khaki half-hose and American-made calfskin shoes, which were a present from Kermit, marked him as a man to be envied among his fellows. The ex-president said that whenever he needed Kermit for any matter whatsoever, it was only necessary to scan the horizon for Juma's gay headpiece.

During his hunting, travels and speaking Bwana Tumbo never has lost sight of his writing. He is writing a chapter here and there, whenever he has the time or inclination to devote a few hours to the book of travels which he has half completed.

Mr. R. D. Cuninghame, Mr. Roosevelt's hunter, is typical of the African sportsman and is declared to know more about game in this section of the world than any other game expert.

No more unique sight was ever presented to the casual observer than that which met my eye when I alighted from a Uganda railway coach at Kapiti Plains, where Mr. Roosevelt and his army were grouped. The station is on Sir Alfred Pease's ranch or estate, as it is known here.

"The Plains" consists of hardly more than the signboard which tells its name. Mr. Roosevelt's "army" was drawn up about him, the ex-president was conversing with Hunter Cuninghame and the former executive's gunbearer, Abdallah bin Said, was awaiting orders from his chief. Of the army Abdallah is most devoted to his master and the frequent lashings which the heads of the expedition are often compelled to administer to quell impending mutiny are never necessary with this character. He is a unique type of African and because of his good qualities he commands better pay than the rest of his fellows.

The man who aided Mr. Roosevelt in getting his expedition ready cautioned him against asking any of his servants to do duties for which any of the others were hired.

The labor union instinct is second nature with the attaché of the African hunting expedition. Let a gun bearer try to do the work of a porter or bush beater and there is war in camp at once. Neither may the game carriers beat the game into sight. Perhaps this system is for the best after all for the reason that every man specializes and therefore is able to do his own allotted work to a better advantage.

It is said here that Mr. Roosevelt's entire expedition will cost between \$15,000 and \$20,000, which to an American hunter may seem an enormous price. But hunting wild game in Africa is a heavy undertaking and in order to go through with such a task that amount of money is actually necessary. But the party is getting results and that is what they figure is the proper viewpoint.

Having arrived in the Stoik district Kermit and his father had plenty of game upon which to exhibit their prowess. The younger Roosevelt immediately set about establishing a hunting record by bagging the biggest lion which, up to that time, had found its way to the taxidermist of the party. In the Stoik district Mr. Roosevelt shot many buffaloes, their skins being preserved for the Smithsonian institution.



falsehoods or are obtained by means of bribing ignorant servants and it stands to reason that for the sake of a bribe one of evil intentions is not above inventing falsehoods for the purpose of obtaining the bribes.

Be that as it may, early in the month of August Mr. Roosevelt will impart some of his news to a select gathering of East Africans at a banquet. You can't keep reporters from a banquet, consequently at the time of writing there is no reason to suppose that the world will not get the former American executive's remarks in full.

Mr. Roosevelt will tell his hunting experiences, his views on world politics and lots of other things which will astonish his staid British hosts and will set them to thinking.

The world at large is getting little Roosevelt "stuff," as the editors call it. The reason for it is said to be the hunter's desire to pursue the life of a nimrod undisturbed by eager newspaper men. They are on his trail every day, but they keep out of sight.

Entering the port of Mombasa, Theodore Roosevelt and his big stick made an instantaneous hit. He was strenuous. Britishers are slow of movement and thought; they are deliberate. Not so with the American hero. He thought quickly, spoke quickly and said things which made the inhabitants stand up and shout.

He talked about the great country which the British had built and almost civilized in Africa. He made other points which tickled his hosts and he was solid with them from the minute he put foot on the gang-plank of the steamer which brought him from Naples, Italy. He told his East African friends that he wanted to be treated like a regulation American citizen, not like a former president of the United States. This, the British seemed to think, was a first class invitation to treat him like a king, which they did.

With his entourage riding in the passenger compartments of a primitive Uganda railway coach, Mr. Roosevelt gave a real strenuous exhibition by daring Acting Governor Jackson to ride with him on the cowcatcher. He said there was more breeze on the front of the train anyway. Mr. Jackson and Mr. Roosevelt then stopped the outfit and took positions of vantage ahead of the fireman and engineer.

This tickled the Britishers. Nobody had ever thought of riding on the front of an engine before in East Africa. They had always done the most commonplace thing by seating themselves on the "cushions." So, because he was different from their kind, they liked the American from the start.

The ride that day lasted 50 miles, when the engine, being a union engine, refused to work over eight hours and gave out. The next day the ride was repeated and to-day half the British East African highbrows ride on the front of the engine when they want to make an impression.

Once on Sir George MacMillan's ranch the real sport of the expedition commenced.

MacMillan's ranch is a notorious hangout for man-eating lions. They roar around the ranch at night and tear up things generally. Colorado mountain lions were easily beneath the hunting prowess of Mr. Roosevelt and he proved that African lions are also-rans alongside of the American brand by depleting the kingdom of Leo by six in two days, thereby setting a new record for hunters in this section of Africa.

A big, hungry hippopotamus chased Mr. Roosevelt one day. Formulating his plans as he sped along through the jungle, the ex-president led the enraged animal to the open and set two steel bullets crashing between his eyes when the hippo was only 100 feet away. Kermit had a similar experience with a rhinoceros and, displaying the family traits of his father, stood his ground and succeeded in dispatching Mr. Rhino



ALL ABOARD FOR THE HUNTING GROUNDS

at 40 yards. The beast was charging him in dangerous fashion.

Not long ago Mr. Roosevelt captured two baby antelopes and sent them to his daughter, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, who by this time doubtless has received them. More than 1,500 specimens had been captured by the Roosevelt party up to the time of this writing.

ing and before the expedition weighs anchor for other shores probably 1,000 more will have reached the taxidermists.

Lions, wildebeests, antelopes, giraffes, hippopotami, rhinoceri, tigers, monkeys and dozens of other varieties are among the trophies of the chase.

To Kermit Roosevelt the expedition has been a source of wonderment and pleasure. Everything was new to him. He had read about the mysteriousness of darkest Africa but had never been given an opportunity to even peer into the confines of a real lion hunting camp.

At the present writing both Kermit and his father are in the best of health, both wearing a swarthy tan which is darker than the jungle stained khaki suits in which most of the hunting is done.

A short time ago Mr. Roosevelt visited the American mission near here and he expressed pleasure at the work which the organization is doing for the African savage. The morning of the day he visited the mission he spent in hunting Culubra, monkeys and succeeded in shooting several, which were added to the list of specimens.

Officials here have expressed the belief that Mr. Roosevelt's bagging of game is justifiable in view of the fact that his specimens are being secured for the purpose of stocking up the Smithsonian institution at Washington.

Perhaps the biggest test of Rooseveltian strenuousness came when the party crossed the desert west of this city. In this instance they were compelled to go for more than a week without procuring water. All the liquid refreshment they had was carried with them in great water skins, suitable for this purpose.

Bwana Tumbo, which is an African expression of reverence, was the nickname which Mr. Roosevelt's native servants soon attached to him, and when I met the ex-president at Kapiti Plains station, where he was obliged to stop during his travels, he seemed pleased to be reminded of the fact that he had struck a responsive chord

Pennsylvania Happenings

Harrisburg.—Gov. Stuart announced the appointment of William M. Hargest as assistant deputy attorney general.

York.—Nevin Freed was arrested on the charge of "cornering" eggs at the Central market house. Freed has employed attorneys and will test the legality of the anti-cornering ordinance.

Harrisburg.—So far 25 counties have made returns of the personal property tax. The entire tax is turned into the state treasury and then, if the counties are free from road building debt, three-fourths of the tax is sent back to the counties.

Harrisburg.—Reports from all parts of the state show there have been during the past week numerous thunderstorms which have without doubt saved some of the crops which were drying up in the ground. However, the rains in no section have been sufficient to make the farmers rest easily.

Harrisburg.—The first week in August the board of fish commissioners will decide whether four streams in different parts of the state are trout streams. Section 28 of the new fish laws provides that whenever there is a dispute as to whether a stream contains trout the commission shall investigate and its decision shall be final.

Pittsburg.—The supreme court has granted a stay in the first capitol conspiracy case against ex-Auditor General William P. Snyder of Spring City and ex-Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings James M. Shumaker of Johnstown, until it shall have passed upon a rule to show cause why an appeal should not be allowed, upon which argument will be heard here.

Harrisburg.—The new law regulating the width of aisles in moving picture theaters and all playhouses and places of amusement also prescribes what fire escapes shall be erected on amusement houses which contain galleries or are two or more stories high. The chief factory inspector has just had the specifications made for standard fire escapes and the blueprints to accompany them have just been completed.

Philadelphia.—About 3,000 motormen and conductors employed by the Interstate Railways Co. on traction lines in eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware were told that after August 1 there would be a resumption of the 18½ cents an hour wage rate from which a reduction of 1½ cents was made a year ago. The company's officials had promised an increase as soon as business would warrant. No demand was made by the workmen.

Harrisburg.—A sample of the Standard Oil Co.'s new "petrol butter" dard Oil Co.'s new "petrol butter" rests upon the desk of State Dairy and Food Commissioner James Foust, and is receiving weighty attention. The sample looks about as much like butter as common vaseline. What is true of the looks is true of the taste. Foust, having served notice through the press upon the Standard Oil Co. that he will stand for no monkey business in connection with the new product, is now considering his future course. The sample before him, he says, came from New England, where the product is sold widely as a substitute for lard. It consists, says Foust, of 80 per cent vaseline, 2 per cent salt and 10 per cent cornstarch. Under the state law passed last winter, the petrol butter can be sold in Pennsylvania under the plain label of "imitation lard" or "lard substitute."

Harrisburg.—A new tree rust has made its appearance in Pennsylvania and in fact in parts of the whole country. It affects the pine trees and is brought into this country from Germany on pine trees imported from that country. Labor is cheaper in Germany than here and seedlings by the thousand are brought here from that country. Many of the pine tree seedlings are affected by the rust and this, it has been found, has been spreading to the pine trees of this country. The spores look like real iron rust and do not have the appearance of an ordinary dead or brown needle. "There is no known remedy for the rust," said State Zoologist Surface. "It is very important, however, that private growers or nurserymen burn the entire consignment when they find the rust on any of the imported trees." A peculiar thing about the new rust is that the spores alternate in living on the pine trees and the currants of gooseberry plants.

Pittsburg.—Another trio of babies, the second set of triplets to arrive in Pittsburg in less than two weeks, came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Tony Bagensky. The babies are boys and weigh about two pounds each.

Connellsville.—That better times are in store for the coke region is evident from the substantial increase in production. From the present outlook it is a matter of but a few weeks until every oven in the region will be working. At present the region is handicapped by a scarcity of men.

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Cooked Corned Beef

There's a marked distinction between Libby's Cooked Corned Beef and even the best that's sold in bulk.

Evenly and mildly cured and scientifically cooked in Libby's Great White Kitchen, all the natural flavor of the fresh, prime beef is retained. It is pure, wholesome, delicious and ready to serve at meal time. Saves work and worry in summer.

Other Libby "Healthful" Meal-Time-Hints, all ready to serve, are:

Peerless Dried Beef
Vienna Sausage
Veal Loaf
Evaporated Milk
Baked Beans
Ochow Ochow
Mixed Pickles

"Purity goes hand in hand with Products of the Libby brand".

Write for free Booklet,—"How to make Good Things to Eat".



Insist on Libby's at your grocers.
Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

A NEW "FEAT."



"Mummy! Mummy! look, here's baby walking on his hind legs."

New England English.

Complaint was made to a local man by one of his employees that boys who were swimming in a pond were causing quite a nuisance. The owner of the property gave the man the privilege of putting up a sign, as he had asked permission to do it. The notice reads as follows: "No Lolling or Swimming on Theas Grown—Order by —. If Caught Law Will be Forced."—Berkshire Courier.

Laymen Combat White Plague.

According to recent figures published by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, nearly 50 per cent. of those enlisted in the active campaign against consumption are laymen, and the percentage of laymen has tripled in the last four years.

One trouble with the habitually crooked man is that he never knows which way he is turning.

Keenest Delights of Appetite and Anticipation

are realized in the first taste of delicious

Post Toasties and Cream

The golden-brown bits are substantial enough to take up the cream; crisp enough to make crushing them in the mouth an exquisite pleasure; and the flavor—that belongs only to Post Toasties—

"The Taste Lingers"

This dainty, tempting food is made of pearly white corn, cooked, rolled and toasted into "Toasties."

Popular pkg; 10c; Large Family size 15c

Made by
POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

Cameron County Press

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Publisher.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Auditor General,
A. E. Sisson, of Erie County.
For State Treasurer,
EREMIAH H. STOBBER, of Lancaster County.
For Judge of the Supreme Court,
ROBERT VON MOSCHISKE, of Philadelphia County.
For Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of the Courts,
WILLIAM LEAVITT, of Shippen.
For District Attorney,
FREDARN JOHNSON, of Emporium.
For Jury Commissioner,
FRANK L. MILLER, of Grove.

Tariff Practically Settled.

The long and bitter struggle over the tariff question has been practically settled by the conference committee of house and senate. The house rates on gloves and hosiery were agreed upon, in return for free oil, hides, and reduced tariff on coal, print paper and iron ore. The hide and leather schedule was adjusted to suit the President, who made a determined stand for free hides. The conferees' report puts them on the free list with reductions in duties on leather, boots and shoes and harness. While this measure will not be all that the country wishes for, it will possibly stand until the country gets a whack at the insurgents. We do not believe in lowering the fence one dollar, or one cent, where American laborers or American manufacturers will be compelled to compete with the pauper European labor. We are surprised, as well as disgusted when we read the nonsense in this week's East Emporium Independent, when the erratic editor says, "the whole tariff fabric is a farce and an imposition on the American masses." Indeed where would the American laborer and mechanic be to-day with all Europe dumping the wares from its pauper labor? How many laborers would own their own homes in America if they were compelled to labor for the same wage paid the downtrodden English or Welsh laborer. The only way American laborers can compete with paupers, is to starve their families. No! the day will never come in this country, we hope, when we will make way for foreigners "who can supply us at what an article is really worth." We ought to and can make a great many things in this country cheaper but we Americans will not, because we have the best educated, best housed and happiest laborers, mechanics and farmers in the world and they will right any wrongs perpetrated at any time by the law makers. You and your free trade gang can go to Europe and enjoy the life of that down-trodden class that cannot save sufficient money to come to protection America—made so by the grandest, most patriotic and ablest statesmen the world ever knew—Protective Tariff Republicans and Democrats. We have no patience with tariff for revenue advocates—they are not true Americans.

Continue to cuss the American tariff, Mr. Editor, that made it possible for thousands upon thousands of young men in this country to save from their earnings (the best paid labor in the world) to obtain an education and to-day fill responsible positions in every branch of business. It would be a "black Friday" when we went back to the dark days of free trade, soup houses and perdition.

NIGHTS OF UNREST.

No Sleep, No Rest, No Peace for the Sufferer from Kidney Troubles.

No peace for the kidney sufferer—Main and distress from morn to night. Get up with a lame back, Twinges of backache bother you all day.

Dull aching breaks your rest at night. Urinary disorders add to your misery. Get at the cause—cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills will work the cure. They're for the kidneys only—Have made cures in Emporium.

Mrs. William Swartz, Maple St., Emporium, Pa., says: "I suffered from dull, nagging backaches and pains through my loins, so severe at times that I could not attend to my work. I was unable to rest and in the morning would be worn out. My kidneys were very weak, the secretions causing me much annoyance and embarrassment. Though I used many remedies I was unable to obtain relief until I took Doan's Kidney Pills, procured from Geo. Taggart's drug store. The backache and pains quickly disappeared, my kidneys were strengthened and my general health was improved. I am indeed grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills for the great benefit I received from them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops chronic coughs that weaken the constitution, develop into consumption, but heals and strengthens the lungs. It affords comfort and relief in the worst cases of chronic bronchitis, asthma, hay fever and lung trouble. Sold by all druggists.

TWO SCHOOLS FOR THE BLIND

State Maintains Modern Institutions at Philadelphia and Pittsburg, Where Efficient Instruction is Given.

Pennsylvania is fortunate to have two magnificent schools for the education and training of the blind. One of these schools is situated at Overbrook, Pa., which is a beautiful suburb six miles from the heart of Philadelphia. It is accessible by the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad and two electric lines. This school embraces a space of 29 acres, which is divided into beautiful flower gardens and lawns and athletic field. This is the larger of the two schools and accommodates two hundred students.

The school in Pittsburg, Schenley Park, occupies about six acres in the most attractive residential section of the city.

Both schools are equipped with excellent gymnasiums and swimming pools, which afford splendid advantages for physical training and also recreation. The athletic fields are fitted with all sorts of apparatus for outdoor sports. The schools are divided into three departments, literary, musical, and industrial.

The literary department embraces a curriculum of a ten years course. Nearly all the subjects taught in the public schools are taught here. Those who are able to complete the course, are graduated and receive a diploma which is equal to that of any high school in the state.

The musical department consists of instruction in vocal and instrumental music. In connection with the department, tuning is taught to boys, which affords remunerative employment to those who become efficient tuners.

In the industrial department the boys are taught broom making, chair caning, carpet weaving, and hammock making. The girls are taught sewing by hand and machine, crocheting, knitting, and basket-making and domestic science.

These schools open their doors to any who are blind or who have not sufficient sight to attend the public schools.

No tuition is necessary if the applicant cannot afford to pay it, but they must furnish their own clothing and their fare to and from school.

The schools are in session from September to June. Every pupil must return home during July and August.

Every person that is interested in the cause of humanity should encourage the education and training of the sightless child. An education is more essential to the blind than to the seeing child, on account of the meagre opportunities in life.

"Work" should be the watchword for those interested in the blind, and begging should be prohibited, for it is degrading to the individual who practices it and detrimental to the education and progress of the class.

The modern idea of philanthropy is to encourage people to help themselves, which results in permanent and practical happiness.

Smiley says, "To help men to help themselves, is the highest form of patriotism and philanthropy."

Books for the blind may be borrowed from the home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library, 1217 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

The Matilda Ziegler Magazine issued monthly, can be secured by writing to Mr. W. G. Holmes, Manager, 306 West Fifth-third street, New York City. This magazine is a gift to the blind from Mrs. Ziegler.

The readers of this article are welcome to visit these schools whenever they have an opportunity.

L. DELFINO,
Field Officer.

[Mr. Delfino visited Emporium last Friday and Saturday looking up all blind persons. He is totally blind and is minus the right arm, caused by being in a dynamite explosion. The gentleman, who is a teacher in one of the schools, is active and an energetic worker.]—EDITOR.

Public Letting.

Bids will be received until 8 o'clock, p. m., July 30th, 1909, by the School Board of Lumber township, Cameron county, Penn'a. for the erection of a school house in said township. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Secretary. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

FRANK B. HOAG,
President.
W. H. G. WALKER, Sec'y. 23-2t

Every teaspoonful of Kodol will digest 24 pounds of any food that you would ordinarily eat. We want you to try Kodol to-day on your guarantee. Your money will be refunded if Kodol fails. It is sold here by all druggists.

DeWitt's Carbolic Witch Hazel Salve. It is good for anything where a salve is needed, but it is especially good for piles. Sold by all druggists.

Post cards at Bair's studio until Aug. 1st, for \$1.00 a dozen.

MAIDS OF HONOR.

Their Position in the Royal Household of England.

Maids of honor are chosen by the queen herself from among the daughters of peers, who if not themselves connected with the royal household are personal friends of her majesty. A letter is always sent to the parents of the young lady requesting that as a personal favor to the queen she may be permitted to attend at court. As the position is undeniaable and the salary is £300 a year, the request is invariably accepted, and then the newly chosen maid receives from the lord chamberlain the command for her first "wait."

The first thing brought to the maid of honor is her badge, which is a miniature picture of the queen set in brilliants and suspended to a ribbon. Just before the dinner hour the maid of honor in waiting has to stand in the corridor outside the queen's private apartments. She carries a bouquet, which on entering the dining room she lays at the right hand of the queen's plate.

The maid of honor sits at dinner next to the gentleman on the queen's right. This rule is relaxed when royal guests are present. After dinner, unless otherwise commanded, the maid of honor retires to her own room, whence, however, she is frequently fetched to read, sing, play the piano or take a hand at cards.—Cassel's Saturday Journal.

CROWD ON GOLF LINKS.

One Fastidious Bird That Would Steal Only New Balls.

The crow seems to be attracted to golf balls in a way wholly peculiar from the rest of the bird species. In parks, where the rook and the crow abound, one can notice them sitting in the trees or hopping about the putting greens in the distance watching the roll of the ball with a direct or side-long glance expressive of the keenest interest and curiosity, which is soon translated into a desire to carry it off to the roost in the neighboring wood.

The Kew gardens adjoin the mid-Surrey course, and in the royal preserve there used to be a fairly large colony of crows nesting among the trees. Of this colony there was one particular crow that found his greatest amusement in mingling among the golfers and in disconcerting their play by indulging in repeated predatory campaigns against their golf balls.

His policy was to hover in attendance on those players who used new white balls only. Those on which the paint had been chipped or which had been used in play for several rounds by an economical player were always rejected by this particular bird as being beneath his fastidious attention.—London Field.

The Normal Attitude Toward Death.

The normal attitude of men toward death seems to be one of inattention or evasion. They do not trouble about it; they do not want to trouble about it, and they resent its being called to their notice. On this point the late Frederick Myers used to tell a story which I have always thought very illuminating. In conversation after dinner he was pressing on his host the unwelcome question what he thought would happen after death. After many evasions and much recalcitrancy the reluctant admission was extorted, "Of course, if you press me I believe that we shall all enter into eternal bliss, but I wish you wouldn't talk about such disagreeable subjects." This I believe is typical of the normal mood of most men. They don't want to be worried, and though probably, if the question were pressed, they would object to the idea of extinction, they can hardly be said to desire immortality. Even at the point of death, it would seem, this attitude is often maintained.—G. Lowes Dickinson in Atlantic.

Old Thoughts on April.

Old Nikolas Breton, in those delightful "fantasies" (1626) of his, grew more lyrical over April than over any other month. One reads such a passage as this with delight: "The Lark and the Lamb look up at the Sun, and the labourer is abroad by the dawning of the day; Sheepes eyes in Lambs heads tell kind hearts strange tales, while faith and truth make the true Lovers knot; the aged haire find a fresh life, and the youthful cheeks are as red as a cherry. It were a world to set down the worth of this month; but in summe, I thus conclude, I hold it the Heavens blessing, and the Earths comfort."—London Chronicle.

To Live Long.

Virchow, the German scientist, said the way to live long is to "be born with a good constitution, take care of it when you are young, always have something to do and be resigned if you find you cannot accomplish all you wish." It is easier to live long with a poor constitution than to violate the other conditions and reach old age.

A Bad Spell.

"Poor Jack! He never could spell, and it ruined him."

"How?"

"He wrote a verse to an heiress he was in love with, and he wrote 'bonny' for 'bonny'."—New York Journal.

His Funny Look.

"Say, Daisy, did you see when I took hold of her hand the funny look you gave me?"

"Go on, Tim, ma didn't give it to yer; you've always had it."—Life.

Let no man think he is loved by any man when he loves no man.—Epictetus.

Free Advice.

The telephone in the office of a prominent New York lawyer rang, and when a clerk answered it the lady on the other end refused to give her name, saying she wanted to see the lawyer himself on private business. As soon as the lawyer himself picked up the receiver, before he could make any inquiries, she began, "Oh, please tell me, must there not be two copies of a lease?"

"Why," he answered, "it is usual to give one to the landlord's agent and one to the lessee. But who are?"

"Yet the fact that the wife of the lessee had never seen a copy of the lease wouldn't keep it from being legally binding?"

"No," slipped from the lawyer, who quickly added, "But before I discuss the matter further may I ask to whom?"

There was a pretty little laugh. He admits it was pretty even now. "Oh, I'm Mrs. Brown, and I live on Broadway. You don't know me"—It was obvious likewise that he wouldn't—"but I've always heard your advice was so very valuable, and I wanted a lawyer, and so I just called you up. Goodbye."

And when he asked for the number central gave him the Grand Central station!—New York Times.

The Canary's Toilet.

Just watch your canary after he has had his daily bath. See how each separate feather is cleaned, pulled and looked over and how all the loose ones are taken out and dropped. All this is done by the bill, for a bird's neck is so flexible that it can be turned in all directions, but the bill cannot reach the head, and so Mr. Canary uses his foot. With it he combs his hair first on one side, then on the other, scratching very fast, as if to get all the tangles out. Then he uses his hair oil, for, although complexion powders are not known in the bird world, hair oil certainly is. Ladies and gentlemen alike carry it about with them. They have a little pouch or sack on the back near the tail for the purpose. When Mme. Bird wishes to use it she squeezes it out with her beak, just as you would press a rubber bulb. Then she lays the oil on her back just above her wings and rubs her head against it, turning her neck in all directions until every feather in her head is straight and shining.—Exchange.

Red Cheeks In Addison's Day.

It seems that the "beauty doctor" is by no means a modern invention. The Atlantic cites an amusing advertisement to this effect printed in Addison's Spectator:

The famous Bavarian Red Liquor: Which gives such a delightful, blushing Colour to the Cheeks of those that are White or Pale, that it is not to be distinguished from a natural fine Complexion, nor perceived to be artificial by the nearest Friend. Is nothing of Paint, or in the least hurtful, but good in many Cases to be taken inwardly. It renders the Face delightfully handsome and beautiful; is not subject to be rubbed off like Paint, therefore cannot be discovered by the nearest Friend. It is certainly the best Beautifier in the World. Is sold only at Mr. Pryn's Toyshop at the Angel and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, near Chancery, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

The Yaws.

On the west coast of Africa the natives call the raspberry a yaw. It happens that one of the pleasing diseases that come out from that quarter of the globe is characterized by dusky red spots that appear on the body and soon grow into ulcers about the size and looks of the raspberry. So this disease is called the yaws. It is contagious and downright disagreeable. White sailors bring it back with them to their own discomfort and the disgust of those at home. Yaws prevails also in the Fiji Islands and in Samoa, but in these two places children mainly are attacked, and the natives regard the disease in the same light as civilized persons look at measles—almost a certainty to have and the sooner over with the better.

Satisfied.

"People praise my work," said the artist boastfully.

"And they laugh at mine," rejoined the sad faced party, "but I don't mind."

"What is your line?" queried the artist.

"I'm a professional humorist," replied the other.—Chicago News.

A. BRIGHT CLEAR LIGHT

"Family Favorite" LAMP OIL

Absolutely the best oil possible to produce from the best known source—Pennsylvania crude oil. Smokeless, sootless, odorless. Burns clean and steady to the last drop without readjusting wick. Your dealer knows it's good oil. He can supply you.

Waverly Oil Works Co. Independent Refiners Pittsburg, Pa. Also makers of Waverly Special Auto Oil and Waverly Gasolines.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers—small, gentle, pleasant, little liver pills. Sold by all druggists.

Foley's Kidney Remedy

Cures Backache, Kidney and Bladder Trouble.

It corrects irregularities, strengthens the kidneys so they will eliminate the impurities from the blood and tones up the whole system.

Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at once and avoid Bright's Disease or Diabetes. 50. and \$1.00 bottles.

Diarrhea

Quickly Cured.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy

Can always be depended upon.

During the summer months children are subject to bowel disorders and should receive the most careful attention. As soon as any unnatural looseness of the bowels is noticed Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy should be given. Costs but 25 cents a bottle, and it is economy to always keep a bottle handy. You do not know when it may be needed, but when you do want it you want it badly. Get a bottle today.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

FORTY PLAYGROUNDS BY THE SEA.

This is seashore time.

The dog days call to the worker in home, office, and mill and the answer brings up thoughts of the many resorts beside the sea where comfort, recreation, and pleasure alike await the coming of the holiday-maker.

Along the shores of New Jersey from Cape May to Sandy Hook lie forty beaches, each offering delights for outings long or short and each easily accessible by the splendid train service of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Atlantic City, with its myriad attractions for young and old, needs no introduction, for its charms are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Cape May, for a century the summering place of satisfied thousands of seekers after cool breezes, fine bathing, and the fine amusement of the seaside, is more attractive than ever in its new life.

Ocean City, Wildwood, Sea Isle City, with their smaller neighbors, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Wildwood Crest, Avalon, and Stone Harbor, afford summer pleasure to thousands.

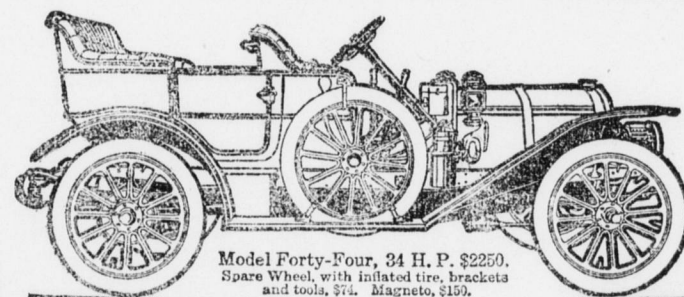
To the north lie Beach Haven, Seaside Park, Island Heights and the other resorts about Barnegat Bay, where the lover of fishing and sailing finds the choicest sport.

Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Spring Lake, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Point Pleasant, Allenhurst, Elberon, and Belmar on the Upper Coast where the country meets the sea right on the beach, appeal with mighty force to the vacationist.

Fifteen-day excursions to Atlantic City, Cape May, Wildwood, Ocean City, and Sea Isle City, at specially low rates leave on August 6 and 24, and September 3.

Any Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agent will be glad to give full information regarding excursion rates, time of trains and arrange your outing whether it be for a day, a week, a fortnight, or the whole summer.

757-24-2t.



Model Forty-Four, 34 H.P. \$2250. Spare Wheel, with inflated tire, brackets and tools, \$74. Magneto, \$150.

Flexibility of Power

The Offset Crank Shaft is what gives the Rambler engine its flexibility of power. The Rambler will run smoothly and quietly on high gear at 3 or 40 miles an hour. It allows the owner to conform easily to the limitations of congested city traffic, without constant gear changing.

Rambler
The Car with the Offset Crank Shaft

Touring in the country with a Rambler has an added charm, because it does its work so steadily and quietly when running slowly under load and on hills or in sand, where every ounce of power at slow engine speeds is needed.

Let us demonstrate the silence and comfort of the Rambler, by calling for you at your home some morning and taking you to your place of business.

The Car of Steady Service

Mark M. Pomeroy
Port Allegheny, Pa.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

EMPORIUM, Pa., July 9, 1909.	
NEMOPHILA, per sack.....	\$ 85
Felt's Fancy, ".....	90
Pet Grove, ".....	95
Graham, ".....	75
Patent Meal, ".....	55
Buckwheat Flour, ".....	55
Buckwheat Flour, 10lb sack.....	35
Coarse Meal, per 100.....	1 65
Chop Feed, ".....	1 65
Matchless Egg Maker, per 100.....	2 10
Sylvia Chick Feed, per 100.....	2 10
Cracked Corn per 100.....	1 65
Screenings, ".....	1 65
Chicken Wheat, ".....	2 15
Oil Meal, ".....	1 90
Middlings, ".....	1 65
White Middlings, ".....	1 70
Brans, ".....	1 60
Corn per bushel, ".....	95
Oyster Shells, per 100.....	95
White Oats, per bushel.....	65
Seed Oats per bushel.....	65
Buckwheat, ".....	65
Choice Clover Seed, ".....	65
Choice Timothy Seed, ".....	65
Choice Millet Seed, ".....	65

At Market Prices

Disinfect



Some disinfectants and germicides might be classed as drugs but, you do not want to be drugged just now with a bug killer. However, now is the time to think of getting after the rose bugs and currant worms.

We have a full line of the "remedies" for that class of pests. Also a non-poisonous bed bug exterminator in small cans.

R. C. Dodson

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter or personally.

Frank G. Hoag of Cameron, visited in town on Monday with his many friends.

Emmit Tulis and Chas. Cummings, of this place, visited at Ridgway on Monday.

Mrs. Meek, of Harrisburg, spent Sunday in Emporium, guest of Alec. McDougall and family.

Mrs. Emma L. Gould, widow of the late A. D. Gould, is visiting at the residence of the Misses Gould, Sixth street.

Mrs. A. Dickey of Johnsonburg and Mrs. Fred Schwab of Cameron were guests of Mrs. J. R. Fetter one day last week.

Mrs. S. L. Barton and daughter, Miss Edna, will spend the next two weeks at Sizer Springs, guests at Sizer Springs hotel.

Theos. Butler returned on Tuesday from a two weeks visit at Gettysburg and other eastern points. He was accompanied by Hubert Brady.

Hubert Brady, who fills a clerical position with a furnace company at Columbus, Ohio, visited his father at this place during the past week.

Geo. L. Converse and wife left last Sunday morning for Carthage, Mo., their former home. We all hope Mr. Converse will recover his health.

J. Pitt Felt, who has been spending some time in Philadelphia where he underwent an operation, arrived in Emporium yesterday afternoon. He is looking exceedingly well.

The many friends of Mrs. Fred N. Shaffer will be pleased to learn that the venerable lady is hale and hearty at 75 years, surrounded by every comfort at the home of Mrs. Effie Fauceite.

Miss Marguerite Fauceite of West Fifth street, one of Emporium's bright little ladies, was a PRESS business caller yesterday and carried home a receipt for the paper for another year.

Uncle Peter Beattie, although in his 81st year, continues to preside at his cigar store and greets his customers and friends cheerfully. He says he is ready to go at any time, but we all hope he may live to celebrate his 90th birthday and then some.

T. M. Mattison of Norwich, McKean county, was guest of A. M. Mattison and family over Sunday. We enjoyed a pleasant chat with our old friends. The Mattison boys were always hard and industrious workers and respected by our people. Since moving to McKean county, Torrence has become quite an expert gas authority as well as a progressive farmer.

J. U. Forbell and wife, of Brooklyn, N. Y., were guests of Chas. Specht and family over Sunday. Mr. F. is one of Brooklyn's prominent contractors and accompanied his wife to Emporium to enjoy the mountain air and see "Uncle Charles."

Mrs. J. B. Schriever returned from Kane on Tuesday.

Geo. Barker, Jr., visited at Driftwood a few hours on Sunday.

R. C. Moore was among the sightseers at Niagara Falls on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Misses Gladys Lloyd and Jean McNarney, were guests of friends at Sterling Run Sunday.

Frank Halderman has been confined to his residence for several days, suffering with rheumatism.

Clyde Fisher, one of our star baseball players, was a business caller at St. Marys, Wednesday.

Mrs. W. S. Walker and children, of Austin, were guests of Wm. Hackenberg and wife last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Cax, accompanied by their children, visited Niagara Falls, Monday and Tuesday.

James, one of John Hennessey's boys, fell from a freight train yesterday, breaking one of his arms.

Sheriff J. W. Norris and Prothonotary W. J. Leavitt, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Austin on business.

Geo. Wright, who has been on the sick list, is out again—a little thin, but still in the race. Can't keep a good man down.

Mrs. John Hertig returned home on Wednesday, after spending a few days the guest of her daughter Mrs. S. G. McGiffin at Ridgway.

Jos. T. Odell, general freight and passenger agent of Pittsburg, Shawmut and Northern R. R., visited in Emporium over Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Secrist of Spring Mills were guests of Miss Ophelia Card last week. Mrs. Secrist and Miss Card were classmates at Lock Haven Normal.

Judge Green left for his Tioga farm last Sunday to superintend his extensive haying. He has promised us a snap-shot of His Honor pitching hay into the loft.

Roy Burlew, bookkeeper at the Novelty Incandescent Lamp works, returned to Emporium last Monday after transacting business at Toledo, Ohio in the interest of his firm.

Elmer Baxter leaves Emporium on Monday for Elmira, N. Y., to engage in business. Mr. B., is a quiet industrious young man and will "make good" wherever placed.

Mrs. Frank E. Richardson, Miss Ruth Richardson, of Driftwood, and Mr. C. B. Potter, of Mifflin, Pa., were guests of Mrs. Laura Bryan and daughter, Miss Nina, last Sunday.

C. H. Cordie, a former chemist at Emporium Powder Works, called on friends here during the week. "Jim's" many friends at this place are always glad to see him. He will leave today for Ishpeming, Mich., to enter the employ of Pluto Powder Co.

C. M. Bailey and wife of Mason Hill, and W. H. Logue of Huntley, visited in Emporium on Friday last and ye editor enjoyed a pleasant chat with them. Mrs. Bailey is a daughter of our old friend "Sandy" English, who continues to deliver the R. F. D. mail, although seventy-one years of age.

We were pleased to hear from our old friend Dr. A. W. Baker, who resides at Bloomsburg, Pa. The Dr. writes: "I herewith send \$1.50 to pay for the PRESS for another year. I like to get the news of old Emporium. Have a very warm feeling for the old town and her people. Glad to note improvements from time to time. The PRESS is 'like a letter from home.'" Dr. Baker can rest assured that he holds a warm spot in the hearts of Emporium people, who wish him prosperity.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Garvey and son, of Rheims, N. Y., are visiting at the home of Gordan Baker and family on Fifth street. Mrs. G., will be remembered by many of our readers as Miss Leda Sassman, who left here a few years ago to make her home with her grandparents, at Seio, N. Y.

Just as we go to press we are pleased to meet Mr. A. H. Fulton and his wife, Dr. Lulu H. Fulton, of Chicago, who are visiting in Emporium, guests of Mrs. Fulton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Healey, Sixth street. Mr. Fulton has resided in Chicago for twelve years and is in the employ of Pullman Company in charge of equipage and men at Union station. His wife (Dr. Lulu H. Fulton) has offices at No. 1246 East Ravenswood Park. Both are looking fine and well pleased with Chicago. Emporium boys readily "catch on" in the west.

Piano Tuner Here.

Mr. Baker, the Williamsport piano tuner, is in town. Call on him at City Hotel.

Some of the Free-Trade organs are copying with ghoulish glee articles from foreign newspapers intimating that if certain provisions are retained in the pending tariff bill there will be retaliation in other countries. But that sort of intimidation never frightened American legislators, and will not now. United States Tariffs are framed in the interests of Americans, not to help others—Troy Times.

Line of 10c Prunes with can of Squash are getting low. If you wish some call at C. B. Howard & Co's.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

ROCKWELL.

MRS. JANE L. ROCKWELL, aged 69 years, two months and two days, passed to the great beyond on Friday morning, July 23, 1909. Her husband, Daniel Rockwell, a carpenter and builder died many years ago. She was married June 22, 1856 and came to Cameron county in 1859, thus residing here fifty years. Several years ago she was taken seriously ill, being afflicted with cancer on the liver, and made her home with her grand-son, George L. Page at Cameron, since his birth. She received every care that money could procure from Mr. and Mrs. Page and nothing was denied her that she desired.

Deceased is survived by one son, Harvey H., of Renovo; one sister, Mrs. Clara Starr, of Hughesville; two brothers, G. B. Manley, Brooklyn, N. Y., William L., Williamsport.

The remains were taken to Hughesville, Pa., last Saturday evening, the funeral taking place at Pleasant Hill Cemetery, her body being laid at rest beside her mother in the family plot.

Among those relatives and friends who attended the funeral were: Mrs. Lyda A. Simpson, Denver, Col., Mrs. Laura Bryan, New York; H. H. Rockwell, wife and daughters Ada and Eva, Renovo; Geo. L. Page and wife, Cameron; A. L. Starr, daughter Eva and son Raymond, Mrs. Clara M. Starr, Hughesville; A. P. Starr, son and daughter, Thos. Butler and family, Muncy, Pa.

Mrs. Rockwell will long be remembered by the citizens of Cameron as a great friend of the sick and afflicted and never failed to offer her services no matter how far from home. It was nothing for sick friends to send for her at all hours of night. This kind woman has often gotten up in the dead of night and went to old Mount Hope to care for some sick person and pass night after night without rest or sleep. Her kindness will never be forgotten.

HAMILTON-MUMFORD.

Mrs. Dorcas Hamilton-Mumford, died at the old homestead, East Allegany Avenue, on Tuesday, July 27th, 1909, aged 84 years, six months and sixteen days. The lady, who has been a resident of Emporium for many years, was the widow of Delos Hamilton, her first husband, who was killed at the battle of Cold Harbor, while fighting in Hancock's division. He was mortally wounded and died lying between the two lines. His remains were interred in the National Cemetery at City Point.

The funeral takes place from the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Kline, (Mrs. Kline being her faithful daughter) on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. J. F. Anderson, pastor of M. E. Church, will conduct the services.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

Post cards at Bair's studio until Aug. 1st, for \$1.00 a dozen.

Post cards at Bair's studio until Aug. 1st, for \$1.00 a dozen.

Thirty-five cents buys 100 pieces of the latest style stationery at Taggart's. The finest value ever offered in Emporium.

Delay in commencing treatment for a slight irregularity that could have been cured quickly by Foley's Kidney Remedy may result in a serious kidney disease. Foley's Kidney Remedy builds up the worn out tissues and strengthens these organs. For sale by all druggists.

Sore Nipples.

Any mother who has had experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that a cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by Taggart.

Just received a line of Boy's and Men's Shoes at C. B. Howard & Co's.

The Don's Opinion.

Fashion is as inexorable in men's as in women's dress. The undergraduate is perhaps the most telling example of this. It was so even a century ago, when Oxford led the way in adopting the new nankeen trousers that were to supersede tight breeches and top boots. Just about that period a don of Trinity met an undergraduate arrayed in all the splendor of the new fashion. "Young man," said the don severely, "you will come to no good. You wear nankeen trousers and keep a dog." The young man afterward became Dr. Sumner and bishop of Winchester.—London Chronicle.

Interested.

He was telling his wife about a small game of poker in which he had lost 45 cents.

"It was the worst game I ever played," he exclaimed, still angry over it, "and I got so mad I couldn't see."

"What did you do then, dear," she asked sweetly—"go it blind?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Caught.

She—Did you hear they were going to tax bachelors? He—Yes, but they'll never get it out of me. She—It is nice of you to put it that way, but I must speak to mother first.—Illustrated Bits.

What is not necessary is dear at a penny.—Cato.

The Castle Garden Church.

Editor Press:—

The dedication has passed but it will always be remembered as the time of Castle Garden, July 18th, 1909. Rev. A. T. Jennings preached an able sermon. The Rev. gentleman is editor of the Wesleyan Methodist, Syracuse, N. Y. The meetings were the best ever held in this section and the services held the congregation with rapt attention. Rev. H. C. Shares, Houghton, N. Y., made the plea to raise the debt balance, which was \$549.00, as follows: Barclay Bros, for lumber, \$74.02; Fred Bliss, balance on concrete blocks, \$275.00; Hon. G. W. Huntley, \$500. Total \$849.00. To apply towards liquidating debt we received through the efforts of Rev. Shares and other friends, \$408.00 in cash and pledges. Previously raised by myself, \$239.00, making a total of \$647.00, reducing the debt to \$192.00 which is yet to be provided for. We have already received from Hon. C. F. Barclay, \$25.00; Mrs. A. J. Barclay, \$2.00, and a pledge from Col. J. O. Brookbank and J. M. English \$10.00 each when \$172.00 has been pledged. We believe God is going to make short work of this little debt, so we praise God and take new courage and see it done. This edifice is built of concrete blocks and it is an honor to the place, for it is the first church to be erected in this place. The cost was small and the debt is still smaller. Sometime later we will publish the actual cost of the building. Joseph Newton, of Emporium, who was present at the dedication, accompanied by his good wife, said: "My, I never thought you had such a nice and substantial building. I am surprised beyond measure." Hon. J. C. Johnson congratulated us on the success of the project. Very few letters have been against us. We would be glad to give names and the amounts contributed, but there are so many of them that it would take too much space. Many thanks to all who so nobly came to our help. May God bless them. And again I say thank you.

J. M. ENGLISH.

Any person after purchasing one box of Windsor Linen at Taggart's and not feeling entirely satisfied with his bargain may get \$3.00 in trade at my store free.

GEO. C. TAGGART.

Stomach Troubles.

Many remarkable cures of stomach troubles have been effected by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. One man who had spent over two thousand dollars for medicine and treatment was cured by a few boxes of these tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Taggart's drug store.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS:—You are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Emporium Telephone Company will be held at the office of the Company at Emporium, Pa., Thursday, August 5th, at eight o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing directors and inspectors of election for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Respectfully,
S. C. ORMSBEE, Secretary.
Syracuse, N. Y., July 22, 1906.—232t.



For dyeing cloth of any color.
Restores our pure, fast color dyes.
The fine results will cause surprise.

Home Dyeing

has been made easy, safe and successful by modern discoveries of new dyes. Our dyes are of standard make, easy to use and very cheap. Rejuvenate some old clothes with a few dimes worth of dye. You will be agreeably surprised at the results.

Old Reliable Drug Store

GEORGE C. TAGGART, Prop.

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

Directions with each Vial in Five Languages.
English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French

No.	FOR	Price
1.	Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.....	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease.....	25
3.	Colic, Cramping and Wakefulness of Infants.....	25
4.	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults.....	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.....	25
6.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	25
7.	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia.....	25
8.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.....	25
9.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.....	25
10.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis.....	25
11.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria.....	25
12.	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.....	25
13.	Fever and Ague, Malaria.....	25
14.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal.....	25
15.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes.....	25
16.	Cataract, Iritis, Cold in Head.....	25
17.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough.....	25
18.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing.....	25
19.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi.....	25
20.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness.....	1.00
21.	Sore Mouth, Fever, Sore or Canker.....	25
22.	Urinary Inconvenience, Wetting Bed.....	25
23.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria.....	25
24.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches.....	25
25.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds.....	25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the most pocket. Sold by druggists or sent on receipt of price.
Medical Book sent free.
HUMPHREYS' HOME MEDICINE CO., Corner William and Streets, New York.

We strive to Please and Seldom Miss

PURE SPICES WHOLE OR GROUND	DAY'S The Satisfactory Store	PURE CIDER VINEGAR 25c per Gal
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Evidence of the above assertion is our long list of satisfied customers who have dealt with us for years. Our watchword, "Forward."

12 Specials in Groceries for Friday and Saturday

Sugar—25lb Bag best granulated Sugar, \$1.45
Choice Norway Mackerel, white and fat, 15c lb.
5 1/2 lbs Best Rolled Oats for 25c.
3 lbs Choice Prunes, for 25c.
35c Hamburg Gallon Apples, the can 30c.
7 cakes Acme Soap for 25c.
1/2 lb cake Walter Baker & Co's Chocolate 20c.
12c Hamburg Peas, the can 10c.
30c Queen Olives the bottle 25c.
Three 10c pkgs imperial WineJelly for 25c.
30c Lemon cling Peaches, the can 25c.
75c Quality Green Tea a lb 60.

Fresh Caught Lake Fish

LEAVE ORDERS FOR DELIVERY FRIDAY MORNING

Choice Pic-nic Edibles a Specialty

Cooked Ham, Smoked Beef, Genuine Potted Ham, Peanut Butter, Imported and domestic Cheese, Home Made Jelly, Welch's Grape Juice, Heinz Pickles and Preserves, Mexican style Tamales, Spanish Pimientos, and many other things convenient for the quick lunch or picnic.

Choicest Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

FREE DELIVERY to all parts of Town

Twice Each Day

You Get Better Values Here.

J. H. DAY,

Phone 6.

Emporium.



BUBBLES BURST AND "REDUCTION SALES" THAT ARE NOT GENUINE REDUCTION SALES DON'T LAST LONG. IF YOU HAVE NOTICED OUR FRONT DOOR YOU HAVE SEEN MANY PEOPLE GOING AWAY WITH BIG FAT BUNDLES UNDER THEIR ARMS. THIS MEANS THAT THEY FIND THINGS IN OUR STORE THEY WOULD RATHER HAVE THAN THEIR MONEY, AND IT MEANS THAT THOSE WHO COME TO OUR STORE FIND THAT WE BACK UP WITH OUR GOODS WHAT WE SAY ON PAPER. THE FOLLOWING PRICES ARE NOT BUBBLES BUT SOLID ALL THE WAY THROUGH:

\$29.00 SUITS NOW	\$19.98
\$25.00 SUITS NOW	\$17.98
\$20.00 SUITS NOW	\$14.00
\$15.00 SUITS NOW	\$11.00
\$12.00 SUITS NOW	\$8.98

VERY SPECIAL REDUCTION IN ALL MILLINERY

MRS. E. S. COPPERSMITH.

OUR SERIAL

THE LOVES of the LADY ARABELLA

By MOLLY ELLIOT SEAWELL

(Copyright, 1906, Bobbs-Merrill Co.)

SYNOPSIS.

At 14 years of age Admiral Sir Peter Hawkshaw's nephew, Richard Glyn, fell deeply in love at first sight with Lady Arabella Stormont, who spurned his attentions. The lady, an orphan, was given a berth as midshipman on the Ajax by his uncle, Giles Vernon, nephew of Sir Thomas Vernon, became the boy's pal. They attended a theater where Hawkshaw's nephew saw Lady Arabella. Vernon met Philip Overton, next in line for Sir Thomas Vernon's estate. They started a duel which was interrupted. Vernon, Overton and Hawkshaw's nephew found themselves attracted by pretty Lady Arabella. The Ajax in battle defeated French warships in the Mediterranean. Richard Glyn got £2,000 prize money. He was called home by Lady Hawkshaw as he was about to "blow in" his earnings with Vernon. At a Hawkshaw party Glyn discovered that Lady Arabella was a poor but persistent gambler. He talked much with her cousin Daphne. Lady Arabella again showed love for gaming. Later she held Glyn and Overton prisoners, thus delaying the duel. In the Overton-Vernon duel, neither was hurt. Lady Arabella humiliated Richard by her pranks. Richard and Giles shipped on a frigate. Giles was captured by the French. Sir Peter arranged for his exchange. Daphne showed a liking for Glyn, who was then 21 years of age. Giles was released. Giles and Richard planned elopements. Sir Peter objected to the plan to wed Daphne. By clever ruses Giles and Richard eloped with Lady Arabella and Daphne, respectively. The latter pair were married. Daphne was pleased; Arabella raved in anger. When the party returned, Arabella asked Sir Peter to aid in prosecuting Giles in court on the charge of committing a capital crime.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

As soon as Giles was lodged in jail, Sir Peter and Lady Hawkshaw, Daphne and I went immediately to see him. We drove in state, in a coach and four, with outriders, Sir Peter in his uniform, with his sword, and I also in uniform; for our object was to testify publicly our regard for Giles and detestation of the prosecution for his life which was on foot.

We reached the great gloomy building, and the turnkey immediately showed us to Giles' room. It was one of the best rooms in the place, and would have been comfortable enough had it not been in a prison.

He was delighted to see us, kissed Lady Hawkshaw's hand, and gave Daphne a hearty smack on the cheek. He looked well, and I expected to find him hopeful; but he seemed to regard his fate as fixed, although it in no wise disturbed his cheerfulness. Sir Peter at once told him that everything possible should be done for his defense, and that eminent counsel were then on their way from London for him; and he and Lady Hawkshaw would bear all the costs of the trial.

"And we," cried Daphne, "claim the right to help; and when you are acquitted, you will find all your debts paid and need not trouble yourself where the money comes from."

Tears sprang to Giles' eyes at this, and he looked gratefully upon us all.

"Dear friends," he said, "I thank you; but I shall not be acquitted. Sir Thomas Vernon and Lady Arabella Stormont thirst for my blood, and by my own folly I have put the noose around my neck. But I say to you from the bottom of my heart that I rather would die upon the gibbet than be married to Lady Arabella. God was good to me in giving her to me as my enemy instead of my wife."

There was something in this; for what man could think, without shuddering, of taking Arabella Stormont to wife?

I saw that Giles had completely recovered from his madness. He blamed no one, frankly acknowledging his own folly, and bore himself as became an officer and a gentleman.

Sir Peter would by no means admit there was the smallest chance of an adverse verdict; but although I could not bring myself to believe that the extreme penalty of the law would be carried out, yet I thought it very likely that the case was too plain for Giles to escape conviction. The conduct of Daphne and Lady Hawkshaw to him was such that I came out of the jail with a deeper reverence, a higher esteem for women than I had known before, although I had always believed them to be God's angels on earth (with a few exceptions). So gentle and caressing was Daphne, so boldly and determinedly friendly was Lady Hawkshaw, that it did one's heart good. Daphne announced her intention of going to see Sir Thomas Vernon and pleading with him, while Lady Hawkshaw threatened to give him her opinion of him publicly, which was, indeed, a dreadful threat.

The trial came off at the February assizes, and on the night before was the great assize ball. The word was passed around that all of Giles Vernon's friends were to attend this ball, by way of showing our confidence—alas!—in his acquittal. Therefore, on that night, we—that is, the Hawkshaws, Daphne and I—were to go to the ball in all the state we could muster.

We had taken lodgings at York for the trial.

The evening of the ball found the streets crowded as I had never seen them before. The great case, which would be reached within a day or two, brought crowds to attend the assizes, many persons coming even from London. These were chiefly gentlemen of the nobility and gentry who were friends of Giles Vernon's, for never man had so many friends.

It was a cold, bright February night; and the street in front of the assize hall where the ball was held was packed with chariots, chaises, and people on foot, flaring torches and bawling footmen, as if it were a London rout. As our carriage passed the entrance, the way was blocked by the judges' chariots, from which they descended in state. Our coachman, whipping up to get the next place in line, locked wheels with the coach of Sir Thomas Vernon. He sat back, his face visible by the lamps in the courtyard, and as unconcerned as if the case which had brought us all to York was one of his servants beating the watch, instead of the trial of his relative and heir on a capital charge.

The crowd showed its disapproval of Sir Thomas by hurling abusive epithets at him, which only caused him to smile. But he had another enemy to encounter, which was Lady Hawkshaw, and in full sight and hearing of the judges, as they stepped with stately tread up the stairs, occurred a battle a mort between her and Sir Thomas Vernon, to the intense enjoyment of the crowd, which was uproariously on Lady Hawkshaw's side. Neither Sir Peter nor I took any part in the fray, seeing Lady Hawkshaw had the best of it from the start, and that, woman against man, the populace was heartily with her.

It began by Lady Hawkshaw's putting her head out of the coach and saying at the top of her voice—and what a voice!—"Good evening, Sir Thomas. We are called here upon a sad occasion, but I hope that English justice will prevail to save the life of that gallant young man, your heir, Giles Vernon."

To which Sir Thomas, with a wicked grin, replied:

"We may safely leave that to the jury and to their honors, the lords



"Good Evening, Sir Thomas."

justices, madam. But if a young villain steals an heiress against her will, he incurs the extreme penalty of the law."

"Yes," replied Lady Hawkshaw. "I dare say you think the law will deal by Giles Vernon as it did by poor Jack Bassett, whom you got transported for life for killing a hare which was already half dead; or as it served Tobias Clark, the blacksmith, whom you got hanged for stealing one of your sheep."

These things were true, and the crowd gave three loud groans for Sir Thomas Vernon. Before he could get his breath to reply, Lady Hawkshaw continued:

"No wonder you are afraid to sleep without candles burning in your room all night, Sir Thomas."

Sir Thomas ground his teeth, and called:

"Back your horses, coachman, and drive out."

But the crowd would by no means permit it, holding on to the wheels, and shouts resounded of: "Good for your ladyship! Hawkshaw forever!"

Sir Peter lay back laughing, while Daphne, by way of encouraging the people, clapped her hands and kissed Lady Hawkshaw on the cheek.

"And let me tell you, Sir Thomas," continued that excellent and indomitable woman, "that because no woman could ever be induced to elope with you, there is no reason why runaway marriages should not be the happiest in the world. I defied my family and as good as ran away with Sir Peter Hawkshaw, and he was as poor as Giles Vernon; but, like him, he was a true and gallant gentleman, and God bless the day I married him!"

At this there was tremendous cheering for Sir Peter, and he took off his hat and bowed, kissing Lady Hawkshaw's hand.

Sir Thomas responded by calling out angrily:

"May I ask your ladyship if Sir Peter was a free agent in the affair of your marriage? For I believe he is not generally held accountable for his actions since that day."

Sir Peter's eyes flashed at that, but Lady Hawkshaw cried back:

"Right you are, Sir Thomas, for have him I would, and if he had not agreed to marry me I should have died of disappointment. Nor has he been a free agent since that day—not for one moment free from my love, my admiration, and my solicitude. I knew you well, Sir Thomas, 40 years ago

(this was a cruel thrust, for Sir Thomas was notoriously touchy about his age) and I would no more have run away with you than I would this night—and God knows no woman in all the three kingdoms would go with you now!"

The delight of the crowd was extraordinary. I believe they would have mobbed Sir Thomas, except that they felt that Lady Hawkshaw could inflict the more exquisite misery on him. The judges, still going up the steps slowly, probably heard every word of this controversy. The crowd then parted, and taking Sir Thomas' horses by the bits, forced them to give place to Lady Hawkshaw's coach, and she descended amid the loudest cheers of the populace.

Within the splendid ballroom Lady Hawkshaw's triumph was even more marked. Numbers of great people flocked around her; many of them had been witnesses of her battle royal with Sir Thomas, and the story had quickly spread to the rest. Lady Hawkshaw, in spite of her oddities, had always maintained the respect of all who knew her, and never saw I a woman who bore, under all circumstances, more unmistakably the air of a great lady; whether quabbling with Sir Peter, laying down the law to the world at large, or speaking bad French, she was invariably the woman of quality.

The scene of the ball was so gorgeous that even my sad heart took note of it. The hall was ablaze with wax lights, and a huge band of musicians brayed and trumpeted. The lords justices, the lords lieutenants of the three Ridings, and many other persons were in full court costumes, and the ladies' trains of brocade and velvet were a sight to see. And I may be pardoned for saying that Mistress Richard Glyn was by no means the least handsome of the women present.

By Lady Hawkshaw's command we were all to look cheerful, and, when I saw the outpouring of popular approval upon us as Giles Vernon's next friends, my heart grew less heavy.

Lady Hawkshaw seated herself in a large chair at the end of the hall, where she held a kind of court. She wore a gown of some sort of crimson stuff, with a great tail to it, and on her head was a turban with a bird of paradise in it, and on top of that her huge diamond tiara. Everybody flocked to pay her court, and the lord lieutenant of the East Riding asked the honor of her hand to open the ball. She promptly agreed, with the added remark that she had not danced for 30 years. Sir Peter attempted to interpose.

"You can not do it, my lady," he said. "You will trip up and break your leg."

"Not unless you trip me up, Sir Peter," responded her ladyship, who was totally unable to keep up the turtle-dove style toward Sir Peter for any appreciable length of time. "My legs are as good as the lord lieutenant's, thank God! and I shall have pleasure in dancing with his lordship."

Obeys a look from her, Daphne accepted a partner, and I secured one in the lord mayor's daughter, Sir Thomas Vernon, who was then in the hall, had the ineffable impudence to wish to dance in the country dance with us, but he was met everywhere with cold looks and refusals. The ladies of the lords lieutenants were all engaged; so were their daughters. It was a picture to see him going along the line of ladies sitting against the wall, being repulsed by all, and his composure under these embarrassing circumstances was the most extraordinary thing I ever saw. He wore a smile upon his sickly, but handsome face all the time, and, at last, he found a partner in the person of a monstrous ugly woman, whose husband was in the hides and leather trade.

We took our places, Lady Hawkshaw and the lord lieutenant, a fine, handsome man, many years younger than she, at the head of the room. And then the musicians struck up, and Lady Hawkshaw began to dance.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

HOW THE PYRAMIDS WERE BUILT

Theory That Explains Expenditure of Time and Labor.

No one has been able to decide how the enormous stones in the pyramids were handled; for, even allowing for the vast army of men, some sort of mechanical contrivance must have been used.

One theory is that as each course of stone was laid a sand embankment was built around it with long, easy slopes so that the stones for the next course could be pushed on rollers and slid into place, without any actual lifting, and so on, the pyramid being in fact buried as fast as it was built, until the top was reached, when the stupendous job of removing the sand embankment was commenced.

This might account for the vast army of laborers used; for instance, it is said that in building the great pyramid of Cheops 100,000 men were employed for 30 years, although the quarry from which the stone was obtained was nearly 3,000 feet from the pyramid.—Engineering Magazine.

Has Many Crowns.

The czar has as many crowns as a fashionable lady has hats. He is regarded by his people as a religious as well as a secular monarch, and therefore has crowns for every possible state occasion. The Russian imperial crown is modeled after a patriarchal miter. Five magnificent diamonds, resting on a huge glowing ruby, form the cross at the summit. Diamonds and pearls of utmost perfection render this crown unrivaled among all others, and there is one sapphire in it which is said to be the finest stone of its kind ever mined.

The KITCHEN CABINET

"SQUEAKING DOORS."



HEY say I'm rather delicate and puny-like and pale.

I'm always rather poorly. My constitution's frail. But I have noticed all my life that folks with aches and twinges, Live ages! It's the squeaking door that hangs long on its hinges!

There was my Uncle Reuben; always seemed so strong and well. But people say he can't live long, since that pneumonia spell.

And Cousin John—he's always bragged about that wife of his. So healthy—till she up and died with sudden rheumatism.

No, sir, of hale and hearty folks we can not be too sure. "The good die young," and nobody, by rights, can feel secure. Of folks that seem so gay and peart, we can't be certain, ever. But sickly ones, like squeaking doors, will creak and squeak forever.

The Banting System.

This scheme of diet was first popularized by William Banting of London, England, who addressed to the public a letter on Corpulence, in 1863.

Banting suffered from surplus flesh so extreme as to force him to "go downstairs backward." He tried various medicines and forms of exercise without success, until finally advised to abstain from "bread, milk, butter, sugar and potatoes."

In lieu of these he adopted a diet of lean meat, fish, any vegetable (except potatoes), and a limit of one ounce of bread at a meal.

On this regimen Banting reduced his weight marvelously. He found sugar to be the most fattening—five ounces in one week adding one pound to his weight. "Milk, sugar, and butter are the human beans," he said, because he found them to have the same effect that a diet of beans have upon a horse, very fattening.

The characteristic of the Banting diet is the great predominance of proteids. Carbohydrates, of which sugar and potatoes are so largely composed, are strictly forbidden.

Every scheme of diet for the reduction of flesh includes advice against variety in food, as that tends to increase appetite.

BACK HOME.



AST summer I made up my mind, I'd take a holiday. And go back to the home I had.

Not seen for many a day. But people said: "You're foolish, Jane. It's such a wild-geese chase."

Your family and friends are dead— Why, you won't know the place!"

But all the same, I went, and my! I had a splendid time! I started when the bloom and blush

Of summer was in prime. 'Tis true, my girlhood friends were gone. But every stick and stone Was full of them—with memory You know, we're not alone.

The children all were gone, but there The old brick school-house stood; The little bridge; the crooked path; Forget them? Ah, who could! The trees, the everlasting hills, The brook, the sky for frame. All these were there, and to my eyes The old home was the same.

Appropriate Salads.

To serve after a fish course or heavy meats the salad should be a crisp vegetable, preferably cucumbers or tomatoes, with French dressing. With game, serve chicory, watercress or any kind of lettuce.

With roasts, the best salad is of lettuce with apple or any light fruit. Garlic in potato salad is liked by epicures and a clove of garlic rubbed around the salad bowl is enough to give it flavor.

Heavy meat salads are sometimes served at dinner, but they do not interfere with the delicate salad which accompanies the meat or fish. They must, however, be served first; no salad after the meat.

Bridget's Beatitudes.

Blessed are the pantry shelves which are painted white and then finished with a thin coat of white enamel. They are easily kept clean, and dirt cannot hide from sight.

Blessed is the kerosene for the removal of tar from the hands or china. Blessed is the pan of water placed in the oven with the potatoes to hasten their baking.

Blessed is the little boiling water added to the omelet while it is cooking to prevent its getting tough.

Blessed is the white egg applied to the inside of jelly molds or glasses. The jelly will then turn out easily.

"Empyreuma."

This is the word with which cooks denominate the slight burnt taste of meat, fish or any animal dish. It is not always unpleasant, and, indeed, in some places on the continent of Europe, it is thought to add an attraction.

To Wash Lettuce.

Add salt to the water; it helps to loosen the dirt. Sand and the tiny bugs harbored by the leaves.

Scum on Jelly.

This should all be removed before pouring into glasses, jars, etc. Otherwise, air is allowed to enter as the scum evaporates.

Olivia Carter-Holmes

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'



S-DROPS
TRADE MARK
CURES
RHEUMATISM
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA
NEURALGIA and
KIDNEY TROUBLE

"S-DROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND

Of Brewton, Ga., writes: "I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from 'S-DROPS.' I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "S-DROPS," and test it yourself. "S-DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle, "S-DROPS" (500 Doses) \$1.00. For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATISM CURE COMPANY,
Dept. 80, 160 Lake Street, Chicago.



If you are a business man, did you ever think of the field of opportunity that advertising opens to you? There is almost no limit to the possibilities of your business if you study how to turn trade into your store. If you are not getting your share of the business of your community there's a reason. People go where they are attracted—where they know what they can get and how much it is sold for. If you make direct statements in your advertising see to it that you are able to fulfill every promise you make. You will add to your business reputation and hold your customers. It will not cost as much to run your ad in this paper as you think. It is the persistent advertiser who gets there. Have something in the paper every issue, no matter how small. We will be pleased to quote you our advertising rates, particularly on the year's business.

MAKE YOUR APPEAL



to the public through the columns of this paper. With every issue it carries its message into the homes and lives of the people. Your competitor has his store news in this issue. Why don't you have yours? Don't blame the people for flocking to his store. They know what he has.

The Home Paper

Gives you the reading matter in which you have the greatest interest—the home news. Its every issue will prove a welcome visitor to every member of the family. It should head your list of newspaper and periodical subscriptions.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S

HEADQUARTERS FOR



FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
MUT

CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Enlarging Your Business



If you are in business and you want to make more money you will read every word we have to say. Are you spending your money for advertising in haphazard fashion as if intended for charity, or do you advertise for direct results?

Did you ever stop to think how your advertising can be made a source of profit to you, and how its value can be measured in dollars and cents. If you have not, you are throwing money away.

Advertising is a modern business necessity, but must be conducted on business principles. If you are not satisfied with your advertising you should set aside a certain amount of money to be spent

annually, and then carefully note the effect it has in increasing your volume of business; whether a 10, 20 or 30 per cent increase. If you watch this gain from year to year you will become intensely interested in your advertising, and how you can make it enlarge your business.

If you try this method we believe you will not want to let a single issue of this paper go to press without something from your store.

We will be pleased to have you call on us, and we will take pleasure in explaining our annual contract for so many inches, and how it can be used in whatever amount that seems necessary to you.

If you can sell goods over the counter we can also show you why this paper will best serve your interests when you want to reach the people of this community.

JOB PRINTING

We can do the finest class of printing, and we can do that class just a little cheaper than the other fellow. Wedding invitations, letter heads, bill heads, sale bills, statements, dodgers, cards, etc., all receive the same careful treatment—just a little better than seems necessary. Prompt delivery always.

AFTER FOUR YEARS OF MISERY

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"For four years my life was a misery to me. I suffered from irregularities, terrible dragging sensations, extreme nervousness, and that all gone feeling in my stomach. I had given up hope of ever being well when I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Then I felt as though new life had been given me, and I am recommending it to all my friends."—Mrs. W. S. Ford, 1938 Lansdowne St., Baltimore, Md.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has stood the test of years and to-day is more widely and successfully used than any other female remedy. It has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulence, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means had failed.

If you are suffering from any of these ailments, don't give up hope until you have given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. She has guided thousands to health, free of charge.

KNEW SOMETHING OF IT.



Williams (shaking his fountain pen)—You have no idea how easily these pens run!

His Neighbor (applying a blotter to his trousers)—Oh, I have an inkling

TOLD TO USE CUTICURA.

After Specialist Failed to Cure Her Intense Itching Eczema—Had Been Tortured and Disfigured But

Was Soon Cured of Dread Humors.

"I contracted eczema and suffered intensely for about ten months. At times I thought I would scratch myself to pieces. My face and arms were covered with large red patches, so that I was ashamed to go out. I was advised to go to a doctor who was a specialist in skin diseases, but I received very little relief. I tried every known remedy, with the same results. I thought I would never get better until a friend of mine told me to try the Cuticura Remedies. So I tried them, and after four or five applications of Cuticura Ointment I was relieved of my unbearable itching. I used two sets of the Cuticura Remedies, and I am completely cured. Miss Barbara Kral, Highlandtown, Md., Jan. 9, '08."—Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

In it. "I tell you what, I like a friend who is a friend in need." "Then you ought to love me. I'm always in need."—Kansas City Star.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams* In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Pride is not a bad thing when it only urges us to hide our own heart—not to hurt others.—George Eliot.

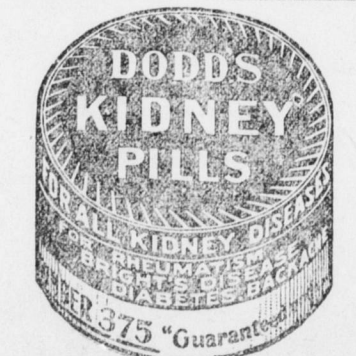
A Rare Good Thing.

"Am using ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, and can truly say I would not have been without it so long, had I known the relief it would give my aching feet. I think it a rare good thing for anyone having sore or tired feet."—Mrs. Matilda Hottevert, Providence, R. I. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Ask to-day.

A good life is the readiest way to secure a good name.—Winchecot.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. bottle.

Only a putty life is afraid of being worn out.



IMMENSE AMOUNT DAMAGE DONE BY PEAR SLUG

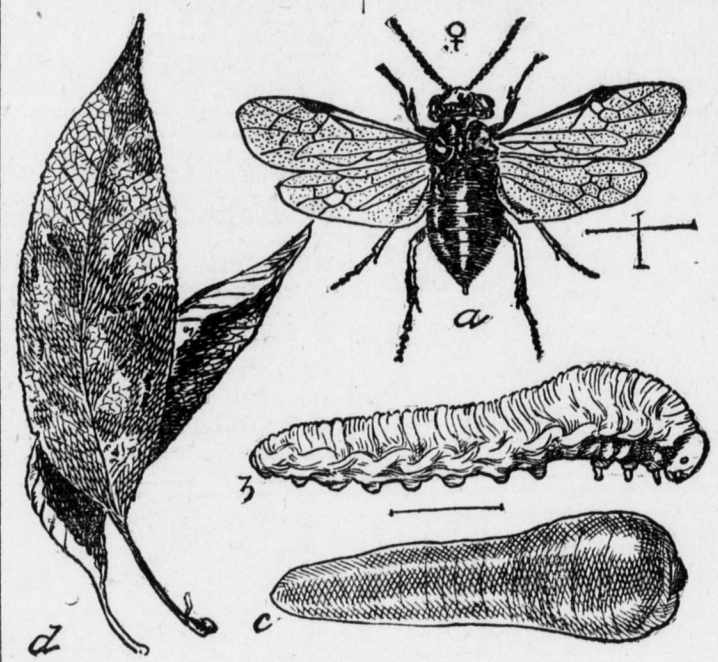
Leaves of Cherry and Pear Trees Attacked by this Insect in Iowa and Plant Is Often Left Entirely Bare.

Last summer many cherry trees in various parts of Iowa were stripped of their leaves by a dull slimy slug. Pear trees also are attacked by this pest, perhaps even more than cherry trees, hence the common name of the insect. This slug feeds on the upper surface of the leaves, not eating holes through them, but taking only the upper portion and leaving the veins bare. Leaves thus eaten by the slugs dry and fall from the tree and frequently leave the trees entirely bare of foliage.

In Iowa these slugs appear twice during the season. The first brood appears in June and the slugs become full grown early in July, while

senate of lead, 2 or 3 pounds to 50 gallons of water, will do the work even better than paris green, and is preferable where it can be obtained easily. Hellebore, applied dry, or in a small quantity of water, is also very effective in killing the slugs.

The first brood of the slugs is rather short lived. It requires only about a month from the egg stage to the time the slug matures. During most of the time while it is feeding, the slug is covered with a slimy substance, but at the last change of skin the slime is thrown off, and the slug becomes a light orange color, clean and dry. After this molt the slug



A Pear Slug Enlarged. a, adult saw-fly, female; b, slug with slime removed; c, slug in normal state; d, leaves with slugs, natural size; a, b, c, much enlarged.

the second brood comes on during the month of August. It would be best, then, to kill off the slugs when they first appear in June, and so prevent the defoliation of the trees by the second brood in August.

When the slugs first appear on the leaves the trees should be given a thorough treatment with paris green or some other arsenical poison. Since the slugs feed openly on the upper sides of the leaves there need be little difficulty in combatting them. For only a few trees the paris green may be applied dry, mixed with air slaked lime, or even flour; 1 part of the paris green to 20 or more parts of the other material. For a liquid spray, paris green at the rate of 1-3 or 1-4 pound to 50 gallons of water will do the work, adding about a pound of quicklime to each barrel of water to prevent any burning of the leaves. Ar-

goes into the ground. Here it forms a cell in the earth, within which it changes to the pupa, or resting stage, and the adult fly emerges in about 12 to 15 days after the slug has entered the soil.

The flies which lay the eggs for the next brood of slugs are rather small black insects, about a fifth of an inch long and with four wings. The eggs are laid in tiny pockets made by the flies in the under sides of the leaves. These eggs hatch and the second brood of the slugs work on the trees during August and when they become full grown go to the ground. During the winter the slugs of this second brood may be found in their cells beneath the trees which were infested by them in the summer time. The pear, cherry, plum and quince are the trees which are most attacked by these slugs.

SILAGE PROPERLY HANDLED HELPFUL

Incorrectly Put Up and Fed It May Be Expensive.

Silos have been abandoned in many cases because the milk became so badly tainted as to become unsalable. If the creameries and cheese factories were as particular as they should be they would condemn a great deal of milk that is now accepted from silage-fed herds.

This is not the fault of the silage; it is the fault of the man who handles it. Silage has a very penetrative odor, which is taken up very quickly by milk. If silage is fed before milking the milk is quite certain to become tainted. If the milk is allowed to stand a few minutes in the barn after milking and silage is fed while the cans are standing around, the milk will be tainted.

If the stable is not ventilated or is poorly ventilated the silage odors will linger in the stable and taint the milk. In an unventilated stable the stable itself will in time become saturated or permeated with the silage odor and will taint the milk, no matter how the silage is handled.

The corn is frequently cut into the silo too green, which makes very sour silage, with a strong odor. The silage is frequently carelessly handled in the stable; it is scattered through the alleys and allowed to remain on the floors. In such instances the stable will be scented with the silage and the milk will be tainted.

If good results are expected from silage it must be properly handled in the stable. First, silage must be fed only after milking. Second, the floors must be kept clean and no silage allowed to accumulate in the alleys.

Third, there should not be more silage fed than the stock will clear up at once. Fourth, the stable must be well ventilated. Fifth, corn should not be cut in too green. Sixth, don't feed moldy silage.

From the foregoing it will be seen that silage must be more carefully handled than ordinary roughage. One cannot throw silage around as he might straw or hay and get satisfactory results.

Silage properly put up and properly fed is a very cheap and most excellent feed.—Prof. G. V. Knapp.

SOIL BENEFITED BY ALFALFA CROP

Three or Four Cuttings During Season Enriches It.

When a plant furnishes an abundant crop, such as alfalfa, with three or four cuttings during a single season, it is but natural to think that it will greatly exhaust the soil. Nothing is more erroneous. Instead of taking strength away from the soil it puts more into it; instead of exhausting it, the fertility is increased. The penetrating powers of alfalfa roots are well known. The roots are constantly growing and decaying, thus adding to the "humus" of the soil. The strongest point in favor of alfalfa as a soil improver is its remarkable nitrogen gathering ability. The roots of alfalfa are full of the small nitrogen tubercles which represent bottled up vitality to plant life and it has been proven by frequent experiments that increased yields were the rule when plantings of any kind of crops had been made on ground infected with nitrogen bacteria.

Under these circumstances the "spread of alfalfa fever" is no wonder. With splendid crops of highest priced hay on top of the ground, with the roots working as perfectly natural fertilizers under the ground, farmers can do nothing better than to plant alfalfa. The truth of this statement may be realized and verified if one but takes time to look up statistics and reads about the marvelous increase in the acreage of alfalfa. In Kansas alone the acres sown to alfalfa increased from approximately 35,000 acres in 1891 to more than 743,000 acres in 1907. It is safe to say that since then the acreage has increased in proportion, and other states are falling in line.—A. Kruhn.

There is Profit in Sage.

Twenty-five cents' worth of sage seed will furnish about 1,000 plants. Enough sage can be picked the first year to pay for all the labor of sowing and picking the sage. Early in the spring the plants should be removed, set in rows three feet apart one way and half that distance the other. If the plants are planted in good soil and properly cultivated they can be picked three times each year for several years.

THAT FROZE HIM.



"I suppose," he said, ingratiatingly, "you often get spoken to by men?" "Yes," she replied, "and by monks. But to-night there don't seem to be any men about!"

WHY PEOPLE SUFFER.

Too often the kidneys are the cause and the sufferer is not aware of it. Sick kidneys bring backache and side pains, lameness and stiffness, dizziness, headaches, tired feeling, urinary troubles. Doan's Kidney Pills cure the cause. Mrs. N. E. Graves, Villisca, Iowa, says: "I suffered from kidney trouble for years. The secretions were disordered, there

were pains in my back and swellings of the ankles. Often I had smothering spells. I had to be helped about. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me five years ago and I have been well since. They saved my life."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

According to Taste.

Discussing missionary work, Mme. Helene Vincente, the well-known Congo missionary, said at a dinner in Cleveland:

"A Chinese heaven strikes you as ludicrous. Yet here in your own country you are careful to fit heaven and the—er—other place to your people's dislikes."

"Thus, on my recent southern trip, I heard a Georgia negro divine describe hades as ice cold, a place where the wicked shiver and freeze through all eternity. I asked the divine why he altered in that radical manner the usual description of hades, and he replied:

"'Ah don' darst tell mah people nuffin' else, marm. Why, if Ah sed hades wuz wahn, some o' dese ole rheumatic breddren an' sistern o' mine would be wantin' ter stah right down dah come fust frost!'"

Exchanging Solemn Thoughts.

"Ah, says the man with the parted whiskers, "when one stands alone in the night and contemplates the wonders of creation, how futile, how puny man seems! How vain, how puerile his hopes and longings, when he is surrounded by the eternal silence of the universe! Has this ever occurred to you?"

"You bet!" answers the man with the big scarf pin. "He feels just as punk as he does when he misses the owl car and has to stand on the corner an hour for another one."—Chicago Post.

Passed Mammoth Iceberg.

An iceberg described as 2½ miles long and 500 feet high—presumably not so high for the whole 2½ miles—was passed about 1,200 miles from New York recently by the French line freighter Mexico. It was in latitude 42:20, longitude 46:70.—New York Sun.

A Series of Breakages.

"Banks had his engagement broken." "Did he take it hard?" "Yes; after it was broken off, he was all broken up, and then he broke down."

HOME TESTING

A Sure and Easy Test on Coffee.

To decide the all important question of coffee, whether or not it is really the hidden cause of physical ails and approaching fixed diseases, one should make a test of ten days by leaving off coffee entirely and using well-made Postum.

If relief follows you may know to a certainty that coffee has been your vicious enemy. Of course you can take it back to your heart again, if you like to keep sick.

A lady says: "I had suffered with stomach trouble, nervousness and terrible sick headaches ever since I was a little child, for my people were always great coffee drinkers and let us children have all we wanted. I got so I thought I could not live without coffee, but I would not acknowledge that it caused my suffering."

"Then I read so many articles about Postum that I decided to give it a fair trial. I had not used it two weeks in place of coffee until I began to feel like a different person. The headache and nervousness disappeared and whereas I used to be sick two or three days out of a week while drinking coffee I am now well and strong and sturdy seven days a week, thanks to Postum."

"I had been using Postum three months and had never been sick a day when I thought I would experiment and see if it really was coffee that caused the trouble, so I began to drink coffee again and inside of a week I had a sick spell. I was so ill I was soon convinced that coffee was the cause of all my misery and I went back to Postum with the result that I was soon well and strong again and determined to stick to Postum and leave coffee alone in the future."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

"Not a crop failure in 18 years."

"Can raise more here than on Eastern land costing five times as much."

"Came here 4 years ago with \$800; now have \$4,500 in bank;"—Said of Panhandle and South Plains Country.

The best land bargains to-day are found in the prosperous Southwest.

The Panhandle and South Plains region of northwest Texas offers good lands at the lowest prices in the Southwest.

You can't buy land there as cheaply this year as last, and it will cost more next year. So the time to buy is now.

I am not in the land business. The Santa Fe Railway employs me to help settle up the country along its lines. The service to you is absolutely free. I aim not to exaggerate. The truth about the Southwest is strong enough. I consider the Panhandle and South Plains as unequalled for the man with small means. Likewise nothing better for the man with a big bank-roll. Both will prosper.

This country is no longer on the frontier. Thousands already have settled there. More are coming in on every train. You won't be lonesome, but you won't be crowded, either.

You ask what can be raised?

Beef, cereals, fruit—and other things.

The average rainfall is twenty-four inches, enough for raising crops without irrigation.

The more brains you farm with, the bigger the yield. "Dry-farming" helps out some seasons.

I might talk on forever and not convince you half as much as by reproducing the testimony of Mr. W. M. Curman, of Hereford, in the Texas Panhandle. He says:

"I came to Hereford four years ago and bought 640 acres of land nine miles southeast of town."

"Built me a house and broke about forty acres of land the first year. Sold \$410 worth of produce off of same and had enough left to winter thirty-five head of cattle and horses. The second year had 120 acres in crop, and sold \$802 worth of farm products and wintered forty-five head of stock. The fourth crop is not yet harvested, except the wheat and oats. The wheat and oats will bring me about \$400, and expect to get about \$1,000 out of the balance of the crop, besides wintering my stock."

"I now have 165 acres in cultivation. I raise wheat, oats, June corn, milo maize, kafir corn, sorghum, California wheat, millet and cotton, and all kinds of vegetables. I came here with \$800 and could make my check out now for \$4,500."

Mr. Curman seems to be a satisfied man. You can do as well as he—perhaps better. May I help you get a home somewhere in this best of the few places in the United States where raw land may be bought for less than it is worth?

Cut out this advertisement. Mail it to me with your full name and address. I will then mail you illustrated land folders which tell the story in detail and send our homeseekers' monthly, *The Earth*, six months free. Questions promptly answered.

C. L. SEAGRAVES, Gen. Colonization Agt.

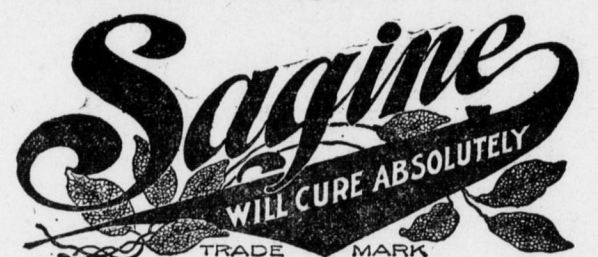
A. T. & S. F. Ry. System.

1701 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

SCALP AND SKIN AILMENTS CURED

PROMPT RELIEF FROM

Sun-Burn, Prickly Heat, Itching, Chafing, Galling, Hives, Pimples, Ivy Poisoning, Insect Bites, Falling Hair, Dandruff



"SAGINE" is a purely vegetable Antiseptic, containing no acids, oils or mineral poisons, and will not injure the most delicate tissue.

If your Druggist does not keep SAGINE ANTISEPTIC, we will forward one Large Bottle to any address on receipt of 50c.

SAGINE COMPANY COLUMBUS, OHIO, U. S. A.

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL GREAT FOR PAIN

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Famous English Detective

Tries to Catch the French

Gentleman Criminal

Arène Lupin is bold. He announces beforehand in the papers what his next move is going to be. His story begins in the August number of

Short Stories

The first instalment is "No. 514—Series 23." It is a story that will hold your interest. The French Police finally give up in their attempt to trap the wily Lupin and send to England for Herlock Holmes. Then follows a battle of wits. The clever French rogue against the keen reasoning English detective.

Send us \$1.50 for a year's subscription to "Short Stories" and follow the fascinating, amusing Lupin. Every month, too, there are numbers of good, crisp, short stories printed in big, clear type. Every news-dealer can handle your subscription.

Short Stories Company, Ltd.

135 East 16th Street New York City

Saves Time—Saves Money

NO STROPPING NO HONING

TRADE MARK Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Cleanse and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Falls to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases. Hair falling out. 25c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

LAND—IRRIGATED—LAND. Perpetual water right; fine water; productive soil; crop failures unknown; 50 bu. wheat per acre; 85 tons alfalfa; beautiful climate; free timber; easy terms; write now. LAMARCO LAND CO., Rock Springs, Wyoming.

PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Illustrations.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere attracts and kills all flies, house flies, etc., clean, ornamental, convenient. Cures all flies, even the most stubborn. Will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Offered at 25c. per bottle. Write to: Daisy Fly Killer, 200 E. 10th St., New York.

Thompson's Eye Water

REDI'S EXPERIMENT.

Out of It Grew the Great Fabric of the Germ Theory.

It was a fixed belief of the ancients that many living creatures could come into existence in a spontaneous fashion, to which allusion has often been made. The true beginning of the germ theory arose out of a ludicrously simple observation made by Redi, a Florentine physician, about the middle of the seventeenth century. He debated with his conferees in Florence the question of the origin of the maggots appearing in decomposing meat. The old view held, of course, that the maggots were bred within dead and putrefying substances. Redi, taking a piece of meat, covered the mouth of the jar in which it was contained with a piece of fine gauze. He beheld the flesh flies, attracted by the smell of the decaying meat, coming to deposit their eggs, after the manner of their kind, in the decomposing substance. The gauze, however, kept them from effecting this natural object, with the result that the eggs were laid on the surface of the gauze and the maggots there hatched out, while the decay of the meat went on uninterruptedly without a single maggot appearing in its substance.

On this childishly simple experiment the great fabric of the germ theory of today was founded, for if the law of universal parentage applied to the case of maggots and meat it was clear, argued Redi, that it must apply universally. Subsequent experimentation proved the words to be true, and so today, when our attention is focused upon germs or microbes so minute that we might accommodate many hundreds of thousands of them on the surface of a postage stamp, we again come face to face with Redi's first principle that each germ could only have sprung from a preceding and parental organism.—Brooklyn Eagle.

MISTAKES IN TITLES.

"Love's Discourses" Has Nothing to Do With Cupid's Franks.

It is interesting to collect certain of the instances of mistakes in regard to the titles of books. Thus the old farmer who asked for "Edgworth on Irish Bulls" got no doubt something he did not expect, and the dainty youth who applied for "Love's Discourses" did not really wish a volume of sermons by Christopher Love. If application is made by messenger, mistakes of a different sort may occur. An excitable boy once asked for Bishop Cocks and Hen's "Earnest Communicant," he meant Bishop Oxenden's. Similarly by Warner's "Moral Cookery" he meant his "Model Cookery." A maid forgot all about the title of the book she had been sent for except that it was "something like tomato soup." She was served with "Red Potage."

It may have been a fault of pronunciation on the part of the purchaser who asked for "rubber bands" that he received a copy of "Robert Burns," but it was certainly the bookseller who was at sea who referred an applicant for "Vega's Logarithmic Tables" to the "furniture department." In cataloguing booksellers frequently err. Thus Mr. Madan, the Oxford scholar, who wrote a grammar and dictionary of the Swahili language, had those works catalogued as "Madam Swahili's Grammar" and in the line beneath, "Do. do. Dictionary." Recently, too, a book of Mr. Lucas, "A Swan and Her Friends," giving an account of Miss Seward, "the swan of Lichfield," was classified as "Annie Swan and Her Friends."—Manchester Guardian.

That Settled It.

The commissioners in lunacy were nonplused. The man on whose mental condition the courts had appointed them to pass seemed perfectly sane in spite of all testimony to the contrary. His every action, his every remark was rational. They were about to give up in despair when matters took an unexpected turn. "Oh, doctor, permit me to return the umbrella I borrowed from you last week," said the patient. And then, at the thought of earning their fees with no qualms of conscience, the learned men decided that any one who would voluntarily return a borrowed umbrella should be placed under restraint.

This simply proves how trifles will ever mold our destinies.—New York Times.

He Followed Directions.

Red tape leads one to curious lengths. A writer in the Columbus Dispatch tells of a street railway car that picked up a young helper on its fender and carried it some distance through the street.

In making out the required report to the superintendent the employee wrote in answer to the query on the blank form, "What did the victim say?" "She was carried along on the fender and then rolled off and ran away without saying a word."

The Way Out.

"Think, love!" said Mrs. Gobsa Golde. "I ordered a dinner gown, and that tiresome dressmaker has sent me a traveling suit."

"Well, what are you going to do about it?" Gobsa Golde demanded. "The only thing is for us to go abroad again," she sighed.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Amiable.

"They say Thelma's husband is a very amiable man."

"Amiable! I should say so! I have known that man to laugh at a joke when he was taking down the stove-pipe."—Baltimore American.

It is impossible to make your conduct perfect, but it is easy to make it better than it has been.—Arlington Globe.

Breezy County News

HUNTLEY.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium. Nellie Logue, who has been visiting relatives and friends at Emporium, the past week, returned home Thursday.

Wayne Nelson has accepted a position at the powder works at Sinnamahoning.

The committee of arrangements have announced that the second annual reunion of the descendants of Joseph Mason will be held in the Mason Grove, better known as the old campmeeting ground, near Sterling Run on Aug. 18, 1909.

Some of our town boys contemplate taking a trip through the wild west in the near future. Good luck to you boys.

B. J. Collins was the lucky man to finish his haying before the late rain.

Mrs. Mary McCaslin and family and sister Nora Francis, of Driftwood, were the guests of W. W. Johnson and family on Monday.

A. W. Nelson of Hicks Run, was home over Sunday.

W. H. Logue transacted business at Emporium on Friday.

Mrs. Lawrence Smith is on the sick list with neuralgia.

Clyde Collins of Hicks Run was home over Sunday.

Ex-United States Senator W. E. Mason of Illinois, will be one of the speakers at the Mason reunion. It will be remembered that the Senator spoke at a Republican meeting in Emporium several years ago and was considered an eloquent speaker.

The Driftwood callers this week were: L. H. Smith, A. W. Smith, L. G. Smith, W. H. Logue, B. J. Collins and C. J. Miller.

Daisy Johnson is visiting friends at Driftwood this week.

Mrs. John L. Johnson, who has been very sick the past week, is slowly improving.

B. S.

Rambler Chainless Bicycle for Sale

A good chainless Rambler bicycle for sale cheap, if taken before Sunday. A flock of over one hundred small chickens, also at a bargain. Address, Box 204, Emporium, Pa., or call at New Warner during evening.

GROVE HILL.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.

Audrey Hill has returned from an extended visit at Dents Run.

Lula and Ronald Owen, of Dents Run, visited at Oak Grove farm, guests of their aunt, Mrs. Geo. Hill. Miss Owen will attend the Williamsport Commercial College this fall.

Darius Ives is home doing his haying.

John Leonard, Jr., of Colgrove, spent a few days on the Hill.

H. P. Hill made a business trip to Potato Creek recently.

Elmer E. Hill is at home assisting his father hay.

Marie Ives has recovered from her recent illness and attended Sunday school last Sabbath.

Ruth Jordan and brother Charles, have returned home after spending several days at Buff Rock farm, guests of Albert Jordan and family.

Mrs. H. P. Hill is quite ill at this writing.

H.

STERLING RUN.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.

Chas. C. Craven had a slight stroke of paralysis Sunday, but is better at this writing.

Miss Jennie and Myrtle Stiver who have been the guests of Lula Lewis, the past week, left Tuesday to visit relatives at Renovo, Lock Haven and Logantown.

Mrs. H. F. Foster returned home Monday from a month's visit to her mother and sisters at Savannah, Ga.

Jean McNamee, Gladys Lloyd, Jennie Robinson and Florence Fawcett, of Emporium, where the guests of Lula Lewis Sunday.

William Bagley, proprietor of the Alpine House, gave a big supper Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Thos. Eddy is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. A. L. Barr returned home Saturday from a short visit with her sister, Mrs. Ella Bull, of Slate Run.

Mrs. N. D. Jordan was quite ill a few days the past week.

The M. E. Sunday school will have a picnic Thursday.

The chicken thieves are out in full force again. We would warn them to be careful whose chicken coops they visit, as there are some chicken owners in town who are just waiting to give them a warm reception.

Mrs. Wm. Buck and son, of Ridgway, were guests of Mrs. J. R. Strawbridge Sunday.

BLUE BELL.

Cedar Shingles \$4.50 per thousand at C. B. Howard & Co's.

The Nuform

Corset is surprisingly easy and helpful in preserving the figure to its best advantage; there are no hard lines or constraint at any point of the fit.

The new Princess Gowns require the right Corset. Your gown will not fit and be stylish unless made over the new Long Shape Corset.

We have the new shapes of the celebrated

W. B. CORSETS

which are correct in every way; style and comfort is combined with durability.



Prices are \$1.00 and \$1.50. We also have a very excellent corset at 50c of the same make.

CAMERON.

H. W. Mitchell, dentist, Emporium. The long wished for rain has arrived at last and the crops are improving fast.

The "Swatters" were again defeated by Sterling Run last week, in six innings, to the tune of 9 to 8.

Operator J. W. Harvey, of Stanley, N. Y., has secured third trick in the telegraph office in this place.

Jasper Harris and Fred Bliss, two of Emporium's energetic business men, visited D. B. Peterson's poultry farm, Wednesday, and admired the extra fine flock of thoroughbreds which Mr. Peterson is proud to exhibit.

Mrs. F. L. Webster and Mrs. F. B. Hoag and son visited Mrs. Peterson on Thursday and enjoyed the fried chicken and fresh vegetables, for which Oak Hill is famous.

M. Phoenix and wife visited friends in Ridgway between trains Wednesday.

Mrs. C. B. Potter, who has been sick for some time, is considerably improved at this writing and is getting along nicely. Her many friends are glad to hear of this and hope for her speedy recovery.

S. A. Krape and wife, of Lorain, O., who have been visiting their son and family, E. D. Krape and wife, for the past week, left for Center Hall, Pa., Wednesday, where they expect to locate in the near future. Mr. Krape is a retired contractor and has decided to take life easy from now on.

Mrs. Jane Rockwell, who had been ill for the past year, died Friday morning. The remains were taken to Hughesville, Pa., Saturday, where interment was made. Funeral party returning Monday morning.

Mrs. Laura Bryan, of Jersey City, attended the funeral of Mrs. Rockwell, Sunday, and staying a few days in this place, visiting friends and relatives.

The bridge builders are erecting a new bridge at Oak Hill crossing. This bridge was badly needed this good while, as the old wooden bridge was unsafe for a number of years.

LOUISE.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank the many friends for kindness and assistance to our dear grand-mother, Mrs. Jane L. Rockwell, during her long illness and their sympathy and kindness at the time of her death and burial. We especially desire to thank Mrs. A. F. Walker and Mrs. Alex. Schwab.

GEO. L. PAGE AND WIFE.

Bowel Complaint in Children.

When six months old the little daughter of E. N. Dewey, a well known merchant of Agnewville, Va., had an attack of cholera infantum. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was given and effected a complete cure. This remedy has proven very successful in cases of bowel complaint in children and when given according to the plain printed directions can be relied upon with perfect confidence. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take, which is of great importance when a medicine must be given to young children. For sale by Taggart.

Nothing in the line of Canned Goods, Meats, Fish or Fruits but you can get at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Our Big Bargain Sale

All Summer Merchandise Regardless of Cost

MILLINERY

Trimmed Hats

All \$2.00 to \$2.50 Hats, at - 1.00
All \$3.00 to \$3.50 Hats, at - 1.50
All \$4.00 to \$5.00 Hats, at - 2.00
All \$5.50 to \$6.00 Hats, at - 2.50
All \$6.25 to \$7.00 Hats, at - 3.00
All \$7.50 to \$8.50 Hats, at - 3.50
All \$9.00 to \$10.00 Hats, at - 4.00

Untrimmed Hats

All 50c Hats, at - 10c
All \$1.00 to \$1.25 Hats, at - 25c
All \$1.50 to \$1.75 Hats, at - 50c
All \$2.00 to \$3.00 Hats, at - 75c

Wash Dress Materials Less Than Cost of Manufacture

9 and 10c Printed Organdies, sale price - 6c
12c Batistes, sale price - 10c
15c Muslins, sale price - 12c
25c Poir de Soi Silk Dots, sale price - 15c
50c Tama Silk, Plain Color, sale price - 29c
50c Shantung Silk, sale price - 36c
15c Heavy Linen Suiting, sale price - 12c

Wash Suits way Below Cost

They come in white, light blue, tan and a few lavender and wisteria, all up to date styles, made of excellent Linen.

\$3.98 suits, sale price - \$1.98
\$5.00 suits, sale price - 3.98
\$6.75 suits, sale price - 4.98

White Linen Walking Skirts at Following prices:

\$1.25 Skirts, sale price - .89
1.89 Skirts, sale price - \$1.49
\$2.00 Skirts, sale price - 1.59
\$2.50 Skirts, sale price - 1.98
\$3.00 Skirts, sale price - 2.49
\$3.50 Skirts, sale price - 2.79

These Skirts are splendidly tailored and the latest styles.

All our Ladies Cloth Tailor Made Spring Suits Reduced as Follows:

All \$25.00 Suits, sale price - \$17.50
All 22.50 Suits, sale price - 14.50
All 19.50 Suits, sale price - 12.00
All 16.50 Suits, sale price - 10.00
All 13.50 Suits, sale price - 8.75
All 12.50 Suits, sale price - 7.50
All 10.00 Suits, sale price - 6.50

R. KUEHNE, Emporium's Greatest Store

Send for This Free Bulletin.

The Pennsylvania State College has issued a bulletin giving full information about the courses of study offered in the School of Agriculture and Experiment Station. It describes the work required in the seven four years' courses and the two years' course and makes interesting reading for any one who wishes to know the kind of training that is given young men who want to become expert farmers, or teachers, experimenters. A study of the pages of this bulletin is convincing that the instruction is most practical. A young man fitted for entrance to college usually selects one of the four years' courses. The two years' course is designed for those who want instruction in agriculture but have not time or opportunity to fit themselves for a full college course, or else do not see their way clear to spend four years in college. The two years' course can be taken without any entrance examinations.

Last year the School of Agriculture enrolled 108 men in the freshman class, 55 men in the sophomore, 25 in the junior, and 16 in the senior. The enrollment in the two years' course was 40. Ninety persons entered the winter courses of twelve weeks.

The bulletin is free. It gives the dates for the beginning of all courses, including the winter courses and "farmers' week." Ask for the "May Bulletin," addressing the School of Agriculture and Experiment Station, State College, Pa.

Constable and Collector's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the duplicate for the State, County, School, and all taxes levied and assessed in the Borough of Emporium, County of Cameron, State of Pennsylvania, for the year 1909, has been placed in my hands for collection.

I will attend at my residence in said Borough of Emporium, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 6 p. m., on three successive Saturdays, beginning Saturday, July 10th, 1909, for the purpose of receiving the taxes charged in said duplicate; and any persons who shall pay their said taxes on said days or any other day within thirty days from date of this notice shall be required to pay the amount of their taxes, as therein charged, and the additional sum of two per centum thereon. And any person paying their said taxes after the expiration of said thirty days shall be required to pay the amount of their taxes, as therein charged and the additional sum of ten per centum thereon. All taxes not paid within thirty days from this date will be collected according to law. All taxes must be paid in full on or before three months from this date.

JOHN GLENN,

Constable and Collector.

July 5th, 1909.—22-3t.

You should get DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills right away when you experience the least sign of Kidney or Bladder complaints. Send your name to E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, for free trial box. Sold by all druggists.

For Sale.

One good light driving horse, three years old; also light harness and buggy. Apply to Herman Johnson Box 78, East Emporium, Pa. 22-3t.

Palmetto Molasses and Globe Syrup in cans at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Man Loses His Head.

Weak, anyway, and worried to death because he is not able to carry his work to success; a man will lose his head unless he restores himself with a tonic. Seline Pills are the tonic that will restore any man or woman who is in a rundown condition. \$1 a box, six boxes \$5. Full guarantee. Address or call on R. C. Dodson, Druggist, where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute.

Chronic Rheumatism.

This is the variety of rheumatism that usually attacks the larger joints, knees, hips and shoulders. It is aggravated by cold and damp weather, and for this reason a man afflicted with it can often foretell changes in the weather. Chamberlain's Liniment applied freely and with vigorous rubbing relieves the pain and makes sleep and rest possible. It will also effect a cure, but will not prevent the recurrence of the disease. For sale by Taggart.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills will instantly allay all troubles of the Kidney and Bladder, and will stop the pain caused by these disordered organs. Sold by all druggists.

Delay in taking Foley's Kidney Remedy if you have backache, kidney or bladder trouble, fastens the disease upon you and makes a cure more difficult. Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy to-day and you will soon be well. Why risk a serious malady? Sold by all druggists.

Everyone would be benefited by taking Foley's Orino Laxative for stomach and liver trouble, habitual constipation. It sweetens the stomach and breath, gently stimulates the liver and regulates the bowels and is much superior to pills and ordinary laxatives. Why not try Foley's Orino Laxative to-day? Sold by all druggists.

Many people with chronic throat and lung trouble have found comfort and relief in Foley's Honey Tar as it cures stubborn coughs after other treatment has failed. L. M. Ruggles, Reasnor Iowa, writes: "The doctors said I had consumption, and I got no better until I took Foley's Honey and Tar. It stopped the hemorrhages and pain in my lungs and they are now as sound as a bullet." Sold by all druggists.

If people with symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble could realize their danger they would without loss of time commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. This great remedy stops the pain, and the irregularities, strengthens and builds up these organs and there is no danger of Bright's disease or other serious disorder. Do not disregard the early symptoms. Sold by all druggists.

Kodol will relieve you promptly in the event that you should experience any stomach trouble. Kodol is guaranteed. Sold by all druggists.

Sale of Straw Hats have exceeded our expectation, but have a few left. If you desire one, call at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Don't forget always a fresh line of Crackers and Cookies at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Parasols AT BARGAIN PRICES

\$5.00 Parasols for \$3.98
\$4.50 Parasols for 3.25
\$4.00 Parasols for 2.98
\$3.75 Parasols for 2.75
\$3.00 Parasols for 2.25
\$2.50 Parasols for 1.75
\$1.50 Parasols for .98
\$1.25 Parasols for .89
\$1.00 Parasols for .69

EXTRA SPECIAL

\$5.98 Ladies Tan

Covert Coats for

\$1.50

\$8.00, \$8.50, 9.00

Ladies Tan Covert

Coats for \$3.00

\$12.00 Ladies Tan

Covert Coats for

\$4.50

\$13.50 Ladies Tan

Covert Coats for

\$5.00

For Sale

One second hand Reaper; one second hand mower; one platform scales; one cultivator; a lot of log chains. The above will be sold cheap for cash.

WM. HACKENBERG, Emporium, Pa.

For Sale.

A desirable property, on East Fourth St., Emporium. Lot 60x120; improved by two dwelling houses. Excellent location; next door to Schlecht's Greenhouse. Apply to

Mrs. ELIA MCSWANN,

Emporium Pa.

Post cards at Bair's studio until Aug. 1st, for \$1.00 a dozen.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Of the Receipts, Expenditures, Assets and Liabilities of the Poor Fund of Emporium Borough, for the Year Ending Monday, March 1st, 1909.

F. P. STRAYER, Overseer of the Poor, in account with Poor Fund.

RECEIPTS.
Balance on hand last audit..... \$293.60
Rec'd from John Glenn, Coll. 1908..... 950.50
Rec'd from John Glenn, Coll. 1907..... 35.25
Total..... \$1,300.51

EXPENDITURES.

Paid relief of Joe Ingham..... 16.00
Paid relief of A. Yaggi..... 10.00
Paid relief of Mrs. Detrick..... 216.85
Paid relief of Tramps..... 10.72
Paid relief of J. B. Cruikshank..... 35.00
Paid relief of Mrs. Sam'l Parker..... 20.00
Paid relief of L. W. Spence..... 49.00
Paid relief of J. R. Fudge..... 55.00
Paid relief of Jack Bell..... 78.85
Paid relief L. Gifford and J. Hitchcock..... 215.00
Paid Independent, printing auditors' report..... 24.00
Paid Dr. Smith, medical services..... 54.00
Balance in hands of F. P. Strayer..... 525.69
Total..... \$1,300.51

F. G. JUDD, Overseer of the Poor, in account with Poor Fund.

RECEIPTS.
Balance on hand last audit..... \$699.23
Rec'd from John Glenn, Coll. 1908..... 800.00
Rec'd from John Blinzer..... 91.50
Total..... \$1,590.73

EXPENDITURES.

Paid relief of Mrs. Mary Mix..... \$332.19
Paid relief of A. Yaggi..... 13.00
Paid relief of Orrin Easterbrook..... 38.00
Paid relief of Thos. Smith..... 33.30
Paid relief of Mrs. Carr..... 49.68
Paid relief of John Romani..... 5.00
Paid relief of Tramps..... 21.70
Paid relief of Mary Ellen Mundy..... 120.00
Paid relief of Thos. Trotter..... 90.00
Paid relief of Mr. Bellows..... 2.75
Paid relief of Mrs. Chloessy..... 15.00
Paid relief of A. Virginia..... 2.34
Paid State Hospital at Warren..... 183.00
Paid Green & Felt, retailer 1908..... 15.00
Paid Cameron County Press, printing auditors' report..... 24.00
Paid W. L. Thomas, making tax duplicate..... 5.00
Paid Emporium Machine Co., for line balance in hands of F. G. Judd..... 640.77
Total..... \$1,590.73

JOHN GLENN, Collector 1908, in account with the Poor Fund of Emporium Borough.

DR.

To amount of duplicate of 1908..... \$1,821.86
Balance due from 1907..... 35.25
Total..... \$1,857.21

By amount paid F. P. Strayer..... \$1,025.91

By amount paid F. G. Judd..... 800.00

By amount of exonerations..... 31.36

Total..... \$1,857.21

RECAPITULATION.

ASSETS.

Balance in hands of F. P. Strayer..... \$525.69
Balance in hands of F. G. J